

**SURINAME** 

# CORONIE

## **NDPBA SUBNATIONAL PROFILE**



# SURINAME CORONIE

**CAPITAL: TOTNESS** 

Area: 3,902 km2



#### RISK AND VULNERABILITY

**COMPONENT SCORE** 



#### **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

Moderate

Score: 0.360 • Rank: 5/10



Population (2012 Census)

3,391



#### **RESILIENCE (R)**

Moderate

Score: 0.633 • Rank: 6/10



Households with Unsafe Sanitation Practices

81.1%



#### **MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)**

High

Score: 0.345 • Rank: 4/10



Population with Electricity Access

34.2%



#### **VULNERABILITY (V)**

Moderate

Score: 0.325 • Rank: 5/10



**Child Labor** 

27.8%



#### **COPING CAPACITY (CC)**

LOW

Score: 0.590 • Rank: 7/10



Adolescent Birth Rate (to women under age 21)

12.5%

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# MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

**RANK: 4 / 10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.345** 



MHE 0.345

Raw MHE 0.000

Relative MHE 0.689

#### **ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:**



**Coastal Flooding** 

92%

**3,427** 

Buildings Exposed: 95%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 99%



Landslide

0%

4

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



**Drought** 

99%

**3.668** 

Buildings Exposed: 100%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



**Mosquito-borne Disease** 

91%

**3,367** 

Buildings Exposed: 100%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

No data



Earthquake

100%

**3,713** 

Buildings Exposed: 100%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 72%



**Riverine Flooding** 

33%

**1,214** 

Buildings Exposed: 33%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 25%



**Extreme Heat** 

100%

**3.713** 

Buildings Exposed: 100%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Sea Level Rise

4%

**146** 

Buildings Exposed: 10%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 6%

NOTE: Population exposure values for Suriname are estimated using PDC's All-hazard Impact Model (AIM) model. Values may differ from Census population.



# MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

**RANK: 4 / 10 DISTRICTS** 

**SCORE: 0.345** 

#### **ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD (CONTINUED):**



Tsunami

0%

**2** 0

Buildings Exposed: 3%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: <1%



Wildfire

83%

**3**,097

Buildings Exposed: 85%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: **58%** 

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## **VULNERABILITY (V)**

**RANK: 5 / 10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**RANK: 3/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.325** 

Vulnerability in Coronie is primarily driven by Children's Vulnerability and Population Pressures. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



#### Children's Vulnerability

27.8% 19.3% Child Labor Childhood Participation Disability

43.7% Children Living with Parents

75.4 Early Childhood Development

**SCORE: 0.595** 

Lack of Household Support for Index Score Childhood (out of 100) Learning

7.9%



#### **Economic Constraints**

0.000 Multidimensional Poverty Index

Population in Poorest . Wealth Quintile

5.7%

0.4% Wealth Quintile Skew (income inequality: poorest two quintiles minus richest two quintiles)

**SCORE: 0.075** 



#### **Education Vulnerability**

53%

**SCORE: 0.348** 

SCORE: 0.225

**RANK: 5/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**RANK: 5/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**RANK: 7/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

40.4%

Childhood Literacy

Lower Secondary School Completion Rate

44.3% Out of School



#### **Gender Vulnerability**

12.5%

Adolescent Birth Rate (to women under age 21)

8.1% Child Marriage

0.936 Mass Media Exposure Gender Parity (ratio of female exposure to male exposure rate)

1



#### **Population Pressures**

(Female)

**SCORE: 0.380** 

**RANK: 6/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

10.6%

Elderly Population (over age 60) 8.5%

101 Net Migration Children Under Age 5

79

Population Flux (births minus deaths)



## **COPING CAPACITY (CC)**

**RANK: 7 / 10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.590** 

Coronie exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Energy and Technology Capacity and Public Health Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



#### **Public Health Capacity**

76.8%

Households with E. Coli Contaminated **Drinking Water**  76.9% Measles Vaccination

Rate

81.1% Households with Unsafe Sanitation Practices

12.7

Physicians per 10,000 persons

**SCORE: 0.440** 

12.7

Hospital Bed Density per 10,000 persons

3.2

Clinics per 10.000 persons

**RANK: 6/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**RANK: 3/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 



#### Standard of Living

98.1%

Households Using Clean Fuels for Cooking and Lighting

98.5%

Households with Finished Exterior Walls

51.7%

Rural Access Index (population within 2km of all-season road)

**SCORE: 0.877** 

96.7% Population that Does Not Share Toilet Facilities



#### **Energy and Technology Capacity**

**SCORE: 0.362** 

**RANK: 7/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

22.4%

Households with Computer Access

34.2% Population with Electricity Access



#### **Infrastructure Capacity**

**SCORE: 0.681** 

**RANK: 7/10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

77.8

Average Distance to Airport (km) 128.7

Average Distance to EOC (km)

9.5 Average

Distance to Fire Station (km)

72.5 Average Distance to

Hospital (km) Police Station (km)

8.1 Average Distance to 41.6 Average Distance to Port (km)

41.5 Average Distance to School (km)

1.7 Average Distance to Telecommunications

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**RANK: 6 / 10 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.633** 

Coronie's score and ranking are due to Moderate Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity scores.

#### **KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE:**



#### **Children's Vulnerability**

Children who are developmentally disadvantaged or have a disability are more susceptible to harm during times of disaster. Furthermore, children engaged in child labor, where safety concerns may be an issue, and in living arrangements lacking adult supervision, are more likely to suffer negative consequences as a result of an emergency situation. Efforts to support the cognitive, physical, social and emotional development of young children will reduce their vulnerability and have positive bearing on their future health and well-being.



#### **Population Pressures**

Rapid changes in population size and distribution can alter population vulnerability characteristics presenting planning challenges and destabilizing social, economic, and environmental systems. Increased population pressures require disaster managers to realign needs, institutional structures, and available resources to support delivery of basic resources before, during, and after an event.



#### **Energy and Technology Capacity**

Homes, businesses, industry, and government all rely on access to energy resources for continuity of daily activities. Expanding, strengthening, and securing the energy network and increasing the availability and quantity of energy reserves will contribute to economic development and increase the speed of recovery processes in the aftermath of a disaster. Furthermore, access to communications infrastructure and technology makes it easier for people to communicate reliably, increasing accessibility to alert and warning information.

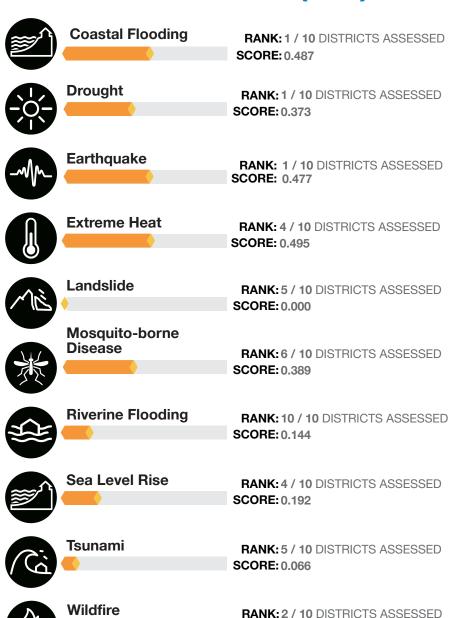


#### **Public Health Capacity**

Access to improved water and sanitation, and vaccination against childhood diseases improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts. In addition, access to skilled caregivers and dedicated facilities for the treatment of injury and disease enhances the ability of the served population to absorb and manage post-disaster impacts to health and increases the likelihood that disaster-associated health and medical impacts may be addressed.



## **HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)**



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SCORE: 0.443



## **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

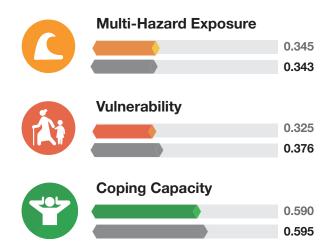


5 / 10 RANK AMONG DISTRICTS Score: 0.360

Coronie's score and ranking are due to High Multi-Hazard Exposure combined with Moderate Vulnerability and Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-Hazard Risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

# Safer World.

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