

# NORTH EAST

# **NDPBA SUBNATIONAL PROFILE**



# GHANA NORTH EAST

**CAPITAL: NALERIGU** 

Area: 9,070 km2



#### **RISK AND VULNERABILITY**

**COMPONENT SCORE** 



#### **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

**Very High** 

Score: 0.657 • Rank: 3/16



Population (2021 Census)

658,946



#### **RESILIENCE (R)**

**Very Low** 

Score: 0.202 • Rank: 15/16



**Poverty Rate** 

48.1%



#### **MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)**

Moderate

Score: 0.374 • Rank: 8/16



**Food Insecurity** 

33.7%



#### **VULNERABILITY (V)**

**Very High** 

Score: 0.803 • Rank: 1/16



Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)

20



#### **COPING CAPACITY (CC)**

**Very Low** 

Score: 0.207 • Rank: 15/16



**Adult Illiteracy Rate** 

61.5%

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# MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

**RANK: 8 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.374** 



MHE 0.374

Raw MHE 0.065

Relative MHE 0.683

#### **ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:**



Sea Level Rise

0%

**2** 0

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



**Extreme Heat** 

**52%** 

**344,953** 

Buildings Exposed: 52%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 43%



**Coastal Flood** 

0%

**2** 0

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%



**Bushfire** 

14%

**\$** 94,637

Buildings Exposed: 16%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 22%



**Drought** 

**51%** 

**336,725** 

Buildings Exposed: 56%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 72%



**Riverine Flood** 

1%

**3,543** 

Buildings Exposed: 1%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 1%



Landslide

<1%

**489** 

Buildings Exposed: <1%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: <1%



Malaria

29%

**4** 193,168

Buildings Exposed: 31%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 9%



# MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

**RANK: 8 / 16 REGIONS** 

**SCORE: 0.374** 

#### **ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD (CONTINUED):**



Earthquake

0%

**2** 0

Buildings Exposed: 0%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0%

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## VULNERABILITY (V)

**RANK: 1 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.803** 

Vulnerability in North East is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Clean Water Access Vulnerability. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



#### **Information Access Vulnerability**

**SCORE: 0.870 RANK: 2/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

61.5%

Adult Illiteracy Rate

32.6% Residential Access to Education (within residential cluster)

63.7% Primary

School Net Attendance Ratio

41.1% 33.2% Radio Access

(population

15-49)

Television Access (population 15-49)

57.6%

Population without Internet Access (12 and older)



#### **Clean Water Access Vulnerability**

**SCORE: 0.858** 

29.5%

Household Water Source Over 30 Minutes Away 25.2%

Households Using Unimproved Water Source 9.3% Households

Using Unimproved Toilet Facility

58.1% Prevalence of Open Defecation

86.0%

Household Wastewater Disposed to Ground



#### **Vulnerable Health Status**



1 SCORE: 0.608

**RANK: 2/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**RANK: 2/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

20

Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)

29.3%

Prevalence of Stunting (children under 6.7% Prevalence of

Disability

341.1 Maternal Mortality Ratio (per 100,000 live births)

5.3%

Prevalence of **ARI Symptoms** (children 6-59 months)

18.0% 29.3%

Prevalence Prevalence of Diarrhea of Anemia (children 6-59 (children 6-59 months) months)

12.6% Medically Underserved

Homes (>5 km from health facility)



#### Gender Inequality



Prevalence of Domestic Abuse (women

0.78 Female to Male Home Ownership (distance from parity)

0.85

Female to (distance from 0.34

Female to Male Completion of Secondary Education (distance from parity)

**RANK: 1/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

0.3

Female to Male Earnings (distance from parity)

0.34

Female to Male Literacy Rate (distance from parity)

19.4%

**Unmet Need** for Family Planning

23.5%

Teenage Pregnancy (women aged 15-19 ever pregnant)

25.6%

15-49)

**SCORE: 0.786** 

Male Land Ownership parity)



**RANK: 1 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.803** 



#### **Population Pressures**

1

SCORE: 0.839 **RANK: 1/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

3.2%

Average Annual Total Population Change, 2010 to 2021

8.8%

Average Annual Urban Population Change, 2010 to 2021

40.7%

Youth Bulge (youth (15-24) as a percentage of to working age population (15-64))

33.7%

6.83 Prevalence Conflict per of Food 100,000 Insecurity Persons

26.9%

Youth Not in Employment, Education, or Training (NEET)



#### **Economic Constraints**

SCORE: 0.856

**RANK: 3/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

94.6

Economic Dependency Ratio

48.1%

Poverty Incidence

42.5 Poverty Intensity 20.7%

Unemployment Rate

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## **COPING CAPACITY (CC)**

**RANK: 15 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.207** 

North East exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Communications Capacity and Economic Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



#### **Economic Capacity**



7.60

**SCORE: 0.073** 

**RANK: 16/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

1.3% Population

Average in Highest Hourly Earnings National Wealth Quintile (Cedis)

43.8% Labor Force Participation

(15 and older)

45.1% Average Regional Inflation

11.2% Residential Access to Financial Institution (within residential cluster)



#### **Transportation Capacity**

**SCORE: 0.127 RANK: 14/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

0.34

Road Density (km of road per sq. km)

106.78 Average Distance to Nearest Port or Airport (km)



#### **Health Care Capacity**



**SCORE: 0.404** 

**RANK: 10/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

78.4%

Basic Antigen Vaccination Rate (children 12-23 months) 75.4%

Hospital Beds Health per 10,000 Insurance Persons Coverage

7.91

49.2% Residential Access to Any Health Facility (within residential cluster)

4.1% Residential Access to Hospital

residential

(within

cluster)

65% Services for Chronic Noncommunicable Disease (% of health faciities)

0.51 General Health Service Readiness Index



## COPING CAPACITY (CC)

**RANK: 15 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.207** 



#### **Communications Capacity**

1 SCORE: 0.048

**RANK: 15/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

59.7% Mobile Phone Ownership

43.0% Smartphone Ownership



#### **Emergency Service Capacity**

**SCORE: 0.397** 1

**RANK: 10/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

27.37 Average Distance to

(km)

Fire Station

27.6% Residential to Police

Residential Structures within 5km of Police Station 90% Health Facilities with Emergency

Services

31% Health Facilities with Emergency Transportation



#### **Energy Capacity**



72.1%

7.9%

Access

residential cluster)

Station (within

4.2% Household Access to LPG for Cooking

Household Access to Electricity for Lighting

**SCORE: 0.193 RANK: 14/16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

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**RANK: 15 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.202** 

North East's score and ranking are due to Very High Vulnerability combined with Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

#### **KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE:**



#### **Information Access Vulnerability**

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the region. Emergency messages presented to the population must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.



### **Clean Water Access Vulnerability**

Those without easy or adequate access to water distribution and containment systems face significant demands on daily routines that effectively limit their response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Increasing access to improved water and sanitation improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts.



#### **Communications Capacity**

The density, diversity, resilience, and quality of communications infrastructure influence how subnational- and local-level populations are able to facilitate effective and coordinated communication.



#### **Economic Capacity**

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a region's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.



# **HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)**

	Sea Level Rise	RANK: 6 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Coastal Flood	RANK: 6 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
	Drought	RANK: 2 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.667
MÈ	Landslide •	RANK: 15 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.025
	Extreme Heat	RANK: 6 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.542
	Bushfire	RANK: 4 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.517
	Riverine Flood	RANK: 15 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.109
	Malaria	RANK: 6 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.426
	Earthquake ♦	RANK: 6 / 16 REGIONS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000

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## **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

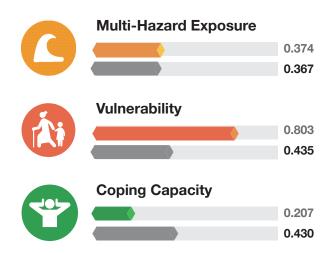


3 / 16 RANK AMONG REGIONS Score: 0.657

North East's score and ranking are due to Moderate Multi-Hazard Exposure combined with Very High Vulnerability and Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-Hazard Risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

# Safer World.

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