

SUMATERA UTARA

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



SUMATERA UTARA

CAPITAL: MEDAN

Area: 72,981

 km^2

Sumatra Utara (North Sumatra) covers a large swath of Sumatra and is the fourth most populous province in Indonesia. It is rich in agricultural and extractive potential with very



high levels of both multi-hazard risk and exposure. Resilience and coping capacity levels are low and the region has historically been affected by numerous hazards, including earthquakes and tsunamis, with the 2004 Indian Ocean earthquake and tsunami being a striking example of the widespread damage of such sudden onset hazards. Economic and environmental constraints have hampered recovery efforts in Sumatera Utara and both BNPB and multilateral UN and NGO partners have focused DRR efforts on the region.

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very High

Score: 0.606 · Rank: 1/34



RESILIENCE (R) - Low

Score: 0.483 · Rank: 25/34



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very High

Score: 0.874 · Rank: 1/34



VULNERABILITY (V) - Low

Score: 0.403 · Rank: 24/34



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Low

Score: 0.434 · Rank: 25/34



DISASTER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES (DMC) - Very Low

Score: 0.420 · Rank: 30/34



Population (2020 Projected)

14,703,500



Population in Poverty

8.6%



Adult Literacy Rate

99.2%



Access to improved water

90.2%



Average life expectancy

69.0 years



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 1/34 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.874



MHE 0.874

Raw MHE 0.901

Relative MHE 0.847

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

85%

\$ 12,046,828 \$199.8 Billion



Flood

61%

\$ 8,681,976 \$154.37 Billion



Landslide

3%

414,555 \$5.2 Billion



Drought

61%

8,656,501 \$153.7 Billion



Extreme Weather

99%

♣ 14,017,962 \$228.6 Billion



Tsunami

1%

134,368 \$1.7 Billion



Flash Flood

6%

♣ 904,622 \$16.5 Billion



Volcano

<1%

♣ 10,359 \$121 Billion



Wildfire

9%

1,247,947 \$16.2 Billion





VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 24 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.403

Vulnerability in Sumatera Utara is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Economic Constraints. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.465 RANK: 7/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

18.2% Land susceptible to

severe erosion

Livestock Density (per sq km)

54.55

4255.7

Net Deforestation (hectares per year)



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.421 **RANK: 16/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

68.95 40 144.64 Life expectancy Infant mortality rate Maternal

12.1% Children (under 5) Wasting

8.0% Disasbility 3.8% 14.1%

Unmet health Households with limited access to health facility care needs

1.8% Households with catastrophic health expenditure

(years)

39.01 Dengue incidence per 100,000 population

(per 1,000 live births)

0.06 Malaria incidence Measles incidence per 100.000 per 100,000 population population

mortality ratio

238 TB case notification per 100,000 population

28.2 HIV & AIDS incidence per 100,000 population 0.14 Prevalence of Leprosy per 10,000 population



Clean Water Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.359 **RANK: 23/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

90.2% 79.6%

Households with improved Households with improved water sanitation



Information Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.359 RANK: 25/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

99.2% 97.7% 9.45 68.9% Adult literacy rate Net primary school Average years of Household using internet

schooling

enrollment rate



SCORE: 0.437 RANK: 14/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

5.4% 55.3 8.6% 0.317 GINI ratio Unemployment Age dependency Poverty rate



Gender Inequality

SCORE: 0.433 **RANK: 25/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0.99 0.69 1.09 17.2% Female to male Female to male Female to male Percent female secondary school literacy rate labor ratio seats in enrollment ratio government



Population Pressures

RANK: 26/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.346

1.3% 2.9%

Average annual Average annual total population urban population change change



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 25 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.434

Sumatera Utara exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Governance and Economic Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.407 RANK: 14/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

70.2%

2,474,775

38

Labor force participation Average monthly income (IDR)

68.2%

GDP per capita (Million IDR)



Governance

SCORE: 0.387

RANK: 30/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

231 Crime rate per 100,000

Crime clearance

78.0% Voter participation



Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 0.233 RANK: 22/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED



population

6.0%

Protected area



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.574 RANK: 12/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED



15.4

4.87

18.74

16.6%

(over 1 hour)

SCORE: 0.477

33.4%

68.2%

RANK: 17/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

63.0%

Hospital beds per 10,000 people

Physicians per

10,000 people

Health Care Capacity

Nurses and midwives

per 10,000 people

Time to public hospital

Immunization rate (children under 5)

Health care accreditation rate

Population covered by health insurance



Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.421 **RANK: 17/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0.30

35.23

Road and rail density

Average distance to port or airport



Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.592 RANK: 21/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

60.7%

1.2%

Mobile phone ownership

Households with Fixed Phones



Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.804 RANK: 7/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

97.3%

7.3%

140.05

83.7%

Households served by state electricity

Percentage of total national electricity gererated in province Electricity generation GWh per 100,000 Population

Households with gas for

cookina



DISASTER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES (DMC)

RANK: 30 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.434

Sumatera Utara exhibits weaker Disaster Management Capabilities in the areas of Early Warning and Monitoring and Emergency Services. The bar charts indicate the disaster management themes contributing to the province's overall Disaster Management Capabilities score.

coverage



Emergency Services

SCORE: 0.462 **RANK: 27/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED** 0.16 0.07 0.14 76.5% 31.63 133.74 Search and rescue District EOC Distance to nearest Distance to nearest Ambulances per Citizen brigade personnel

10,000 persons per 10,000 persons

persons

Mass Care Support

SCORE: **RANK: 11/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

118.59 2.43 0.23 0.46 0.46 0.43 Distance to Vehicle euipment per Shelter equipment Communications Support equipment

nearest disaster stockpile (km)

10,000 persons

per 10,000 persons

staff per 10,000

equipment per 10,000 per 10,000 persons

police station (km)

Emergency Shelters per 10,000 persons

fire Station (km)



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Early Warning and Monitoring

SCORE: 0.190 **RANK: 30/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0.33 0.2

Geophysical monitoring per exposed population

Meterological/climatological monitoring per exposed population

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RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 25 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.483

Sumatera Utara's Low Resilience score and ranking are due to Low Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity, and Very Low Disaster Management Capabilities scores.

Below are the six thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:













Environmental Stress

Economic Constraints

Governance

Economic Capacity

Early Warning and Monitoring

Emergency Services



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



Earthquake

RANK: 2 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.352



Tsunami

RANK: 16 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.229



Flood

RANK: 1 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.367



Flash Flood

RANK: 2/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE 3.337



Landslide

RANK: 10/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE 3.262



Volcano

RANK: 16 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.224



Drought

RANK: 2/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE 3.336



Wildfire

RANK: 5 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.280



Extreme Weather

RANK: 2 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.351



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

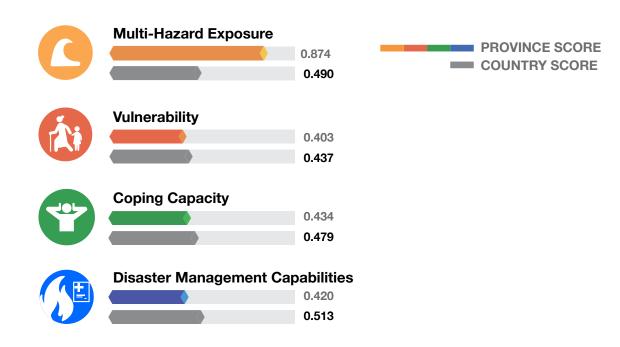
1/34

RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.606

www.pdc.org

Sumatera Utara's Very High Multi-hazard Risk score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard exposure combined with Low Vulnerability, Low Coping Capacity, and Very Low Disaster Management Capabilities scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



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SUMATERA UTARA RECOMMENDATIONS

1

Environmental Stress

Findings show that Sumatera
Utara has the 7th highest overall
Environmental Stress in the country.
More than 18% of the province
has been classified by Indonesia's
Ministry of Environment and Forestry
as having erosion rates of greater
than 180 tons per hectare per year.
Livestock Density (54.55 animals per
square km) in the province may be a
contributing factor.

In areas prone to erosion, prevent overgrazing of pastures to reduce environmental degradation by reducing herd size on available hectarage. Reduce access of grazing animals to streams and rivers, where high animal traffic can destroy the integrity of riverbanks and pollute water sources.

2

Economic Constraints

Sumatera Utara ranks 14th for overall Economic Constraints in the country, driven by the 5th highest Age Dependency Ratio (ratio of non-working age population to working age population), and the 11th highest Unemployment Rate. Additionally, gender inequities exist in the workforce. Sumatera Utara ranks 5th for female to male Labor Ratio.

Invest in programs that support women's sexual and reproductive rights to facilitate increased participation in, and contribution to social and economic development.

Increase opportunities to expand participation of women in education and economic activities through the enactment of policies that provide quality, affordable childcare and health care services.

SUMATERA UTARA RECOMMENDATIONS



Governance

Sumatera Utara has the 5th lowest ranking for overall Governance in the country, driven by the lowest Voter Participation (78.03%) in the country. The province also has the 7th highest Crime Rate per 100,000 persons (231 persons). Focus efforts to strengthen policies and government institutions that increase voice and accountability, reduce corruption and strengthen rule of law.



Economic Capacity

Overall Economic Capacity in Sumatera Utara could be strengthened by bolstering income levels and employment opportunities. Foster programs that promote gainful employment and diversify the economy to generate public revenue, increase household incomes, and support small businesses.

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SUMATERA UTARA RECOMMENDATIONS



Early Warning and Monitoring

Sumatera Utara has the 5th lowest overall Early Warning and Monitoring capabilities in the country, driven by the 3rd lowest monitoring coverage for meteorological and climaterelated hazards, and the 10th lowest coverage for geophysical hazards. Given the province's exposure to geophysical and meteorological hazards, efforts to bolster the number of monitoring stations would improve alerting capabilities and expand reach of warning messages to the population.

6

Emergency Services

Findings show that Sumatera
Utara has the 8th lowest
ranking for overall Emergency
Services capabilities, driven
by limited ambulance service
(0.16 Ambulances per 10,000
persons), low numbers of Search
and Rescue personnel, and
considerable distances to Police
and Fire Stations. The average
Distance to a Fire Station in
Sumatera Utara is over 133 km
away.

Invest in equipment, infrastructure and trained personnel to expand emergency service coverage and capabilities to better meet the needs of the population during emergencies.

Support training for Citizen Brigades to assist with community-based disaster preparedness and response activities and supplement government services during emergencies.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

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