

INDONESIA RIAU

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



RIAU

CAPITAL: PEKANBARU

Area: 87,024

 km^2

Riau has suffered large scale deforestation and fires in recent years and has a dynamic economy based on extractive industries such as mining, petroleum, natural gas



and palm oil plantations. Along with the public health consequences of large scale fires, extreme weather and flooding routinely impact the region, which has moderate levels of coping capacity and resilience. Efforts to reduce population pressures and gender inequalities and enhance transportation and health care capacities are needed to reduce overall risk and strengthen resilience in the region.

RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Moderate

Score: 0.497 · Rank: 16/34



RESILIENCE (R) - Moderate

Score: 0.510 · Rank: 19/34



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Moderate

Score: 0.520 · Rank: 15/34



VULNERABILITY (V) - Low

Score: 0.413 · Rank: 21/34



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Moderate

Score: 0.479 · Rank: 18/34



DISASTER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES (DMC) - Low

Score: 0.466 · Rank: 26/34



Population (2020 Projected)

7,128,300



Population in Poverty

6.9%



Adult Literacy Rate

99.2%



Access to improved water

87.4%



Average life expectancy

71.5 years

^{*}For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 15 / 34 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.520



MHE 0.520

Raw MHE 0.588

Relative MHE 0.453

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

14%

4 953,634

\$14.4 Billion



Flood

51%

3,368,466

\$64.11 Billion



Landslide

<1%

32,294

\$377.6 Million



Drought

34%

2,255,958

\$53.1 Billion



Extreme Weather

94%

4 6,216,814 S122 Billion

Cá.

Tsunami

0%

e -

-



Flash Flood

1%

\$ 95,493

\$1.4 Billion



Volcano

0%

-



Wildfire

39%

2,568,135

\$40.9 Billion



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 21 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.413

Vulnerability in Riau is primarily driven by Population Pressures and Gender Inequality. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.378 RANK: 16/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

6.2%

5.48

23672.3

Land susceptible to severe erosion

Livestock Density (per sq km)

Net Deforestation (hectares per year)



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.369 **RANK: 24/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

71.48 Life expectancy 24 115.18 12.2%

8.1%

11.8%

(years)

Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)

Children (under Maternal mortality ratio 5) Wasting

Disasbility

Unmet health care needs

6.1%

Households with limited access to health facility

1.4% Households with

expenditure

catastrophic health

13.47 Dengue incidence per 100,000

population

2.35 Measles incidence per 100.000

population

0.02 Malaria incidence per 100.000

population

197 TB case notification per 100,000

population

36.24 HIV & AIDS incidence per 100,000 population

0.24 Prevalence of Leprosy per 10,000 population



Clean Water Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.385 RANK: 20/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

87.4%

80.0%

Households with improved water

Households with improved

sanitation



Information Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.355 **RANK: 27/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

99.2%

97.3%

9.03

76.0%

Adult literacy rate Net primary school enrollment rate

Average years of schooling

Household using internet



Economic Constraints

SCORE: 0.402 **RANK: 18/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

6.0%

49.7

6.9%

0.334

Unemployment

Age dependency

Poverty rate

GINI ratio



Gender Inequality

SCORE: 0.429 **RANK: 26/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0.99 0.51 Female to male Female to male 1.07

28.1%

literacy rate labor ratio Female to male secondary school enrollment ratio

Percent female seats in government



Population Pressures

RANK: 6/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.574

2.8%

3.1%

Average annual total population change

Average annual urban population change

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 18 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.479

Riau exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Transportation Capacity and Health Care Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.437 RANK: 9/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

65.1% 2,800,135Labor force Average monthly

Average monthly GDP per capita income (IDR) (Million IDR)

109.8

Governance

participation

SCORE: 0.596 RANK: 20/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

109 51.7% 84.7%

Crime rate per 100,000 Crime clearance Voter population rate participation



Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 0.288 RANK: 20/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

7.3% Protected area



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.466 RANK: 20/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.392 RANK: 22/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

9.8 4.2 17.9 28.2% 30.8% 77.2% 65.6%

Hospital beds per Physicians per 10,000 people 10,000 people Per 10,000 people 10,000 people Per 10,00



Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.325 RANK: 20/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.14 37.71

Road and rail density Average distance to port

or airport

((<u>A</u>))

Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.656 RANK: 12/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

67.3% 1.0%

Mobile phone ownership Households with Fixed Phones



Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.492 RANK: 19/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

91.4% 0.4% 15.09 87.0%

Households served by state electricity Percentage of total national electricity generation GWh electricity generated in province per 100,000 Population cooking



DISASTER MANAGEMENT CAPABILITIES (DMC)

RANK: 26 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.479

Riau exhibits weaker Disaster Management Capabilities in the areas of Early Warning and Monitoring and Mass Care Support. The bar charts indicate the disaster management themes contributing to the province's overall Disaster Management Capabilities score.



Emergency Services

SCORE: 0.567 **RANK: 19/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED** 0.39 0.22 0.12 83.3% 37.24 60.32 Search and rescue District EOC Distance to nearest Distance to nearest Ambulances per Citizen brigade personnel 10,000 persons per 10,000 persons staff per 10,000 coverage police station (km) fire Station (km)



Mass Care Support

SCORE: 0.419 **RANK: 25/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

314.84 0.72 0.23 0.09 1.48 0.14 Distance to Vehicle euipment per Shelter equipment Communications Support equipment

nearest disaster stockpile (km)

10,000 persons

per 10,000 persons

persons

equipment per 10,000 per 10,000 persons

Emergency Shelters per 10,000 persons



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Early Warning and Monitoring

SCORE: 0.413 RANK: 22/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.2 0.4

Geophysical monitoring per exposed population

Meterological/climatological monitoring per exposed population

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RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 19 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.510

Riau's Moderate Resilience score and ranking are due to Low Vulnerability combined with Moderate Coping Capacity, and Low Disaster Management Capabilities scores.

Below are the six thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:













Population Pressures

Gender Inequality

Transportation Capacity

Health Care Capacity

Early Warning and Monitoring

Mass Care
Support



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



Earthquake

RANK: 26 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.163



Tsunami

RANK: 29 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.118



Flood

RANK: 6 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.284



Flash Flood

RANK: 20 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE0.190



Landslide

RANK: 25 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE 1.167



Volcano

RANK: 27 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.118



Drought

RANK: 12/34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE 0.237



Wildfire

RANK: 3 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.343



Extreme Weather

RANK: 8 / 34 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.293



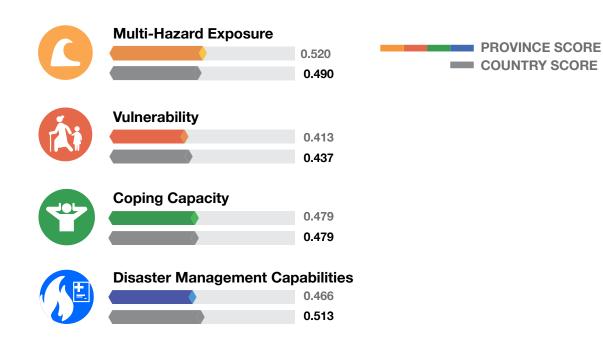
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



16 / 34 RANK WITHIN PROVINCES

Riau's Moderate Multi-hazard Risk score and ranking are due to Moderate Multi-hazard exposure combined with Low Vulnerability, Moderate Coping Capacity, and Low Disaster Management Capabilities scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



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RIAU RECOMMENDATIONS

1

Population Pressures

Findings show that Riau ranks 6th for overall Population Pressures, with significant Average Population Growth (2.79%), and a Net Recent Migration rate of 13.21%.

Riau is exposed to multiple hazards, including extreme weather (tornadoes), drought, earthquakes, floods, flash floods, landslides in the south and southwestern portions of the province, and wildfires. As the population increases, hazard exposure to residents and economic assets will also increase.

Focus efforts to initiate risk reduction initiatives into long-term development plans and policies to reduce potential damages and losses resulting from hazard impacts.

2

Gender Inequality

Riau's overall Gender Inequality score is driven by gender inequities in the labor force. In addition, fewer than 50% of those attending secondary school are female. Promote higher education opportunities for women to provide greater economic opportunities and enhanced quality of life.

Promote gender equality through the enactment and implementation of laws that establish rights, responsibilities and opportunities for women, men, girls and boys related to education, leadership, employment. Strengthen access to, and participation of women in formal and informal justice systems to promote equitable rights and resolution of issues.

RIAU RECOMMENDATIONS



Transportation Capacity

Findings show that Riau has the 14th lowest ranking for density of transportation networks, including Rail and Road Density and average Distance to Port Facilities (38 km) from populated areas.

Limited transportation networks hamper evacuation activities as well as the delivery of disaster relief supplies and care services to populations affected by natural disasters.

Secure investments to improve existing transportation capacity and expand transportation infrastructure to meet the needs of the growing population and those in underserved areas.



Health Care Capacity

Riau has the 13th lowest Health Care Capacity in the country, driven by the 2nd lowest Immunization Rate in children under 5 years of age (31%). In addition, findings show that 28% of households require over and hour to reach the nearest hospital, and 34% of the population in the province are uninsured. Improvements in overall health care capacity are needed with regard to improved access and preventative care.

Expand health care infrastructure in remote areas to meet the needs of underserved populations and reduce travel time required to reach health care services. Continue efforts to expand insurance coverage and health education programs to improve maternal, infant, and child health.

Continue to collaborate with NGO partners to fund initiatives focused on health care capacity improvements and reduction of the transmission of infectious diseases.

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RIAU RECOMMENDATIONS

5

Early Warning and Monitoring

Findings show that Riau has greater Early Warning and Monitoring capabilities regarding geophysical hazards. Given that the province has significant exposure to meteorological and climate-related hazards, efforts to expand instrumentation and early warning systems for these hazards would increase the capacity of provincial disaster managers to provide adequate hazard warning information to the population.

6

Mass Care Support

Riau has the 10th lowest Mass Care Support ranking. As Riau's population grows, the need for pre-positioned disaster equipment and adequate supplies will also increase. Anticipate the increased demand for disaster equipment and requisition additional supplies to be able to better accommodate the growing population during a disaster.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

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