



VIỆT NAM

CAN THO

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE

VIỆT NAM CAN THO

CAPITAL: CAN

Area: 1,496 km²

The fourth largest city in Viet Nam, Can Tho city is the center of the Mekong Delta in terms of economics, culture, science, and technology. Located on the south bank of the Hau River, the city is noted for its floating market, rice paper-making village, and picturesque rural canals. As the main transportation hub for the Lower Mekong Delta region, Can Tho's economic development is growing fast mainly based on industry and service.

RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK - low
Score: 0.438 • Rank: 46/63



RESILIENCE (R) - very high
Score: 0.602 • Rank: 9/63



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE - moderate
Score: 0.517 • Rank: 29/63



VULNERABILITY (V) - low
Score: 0.375 • Rank: 50/63



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - very high
Score: 0.58 • Rank: 9/63



Population (2017)
1,285,754



Population in Poverty
3.1%



Illiterate population
5.8%



Access to improved water
86.5%



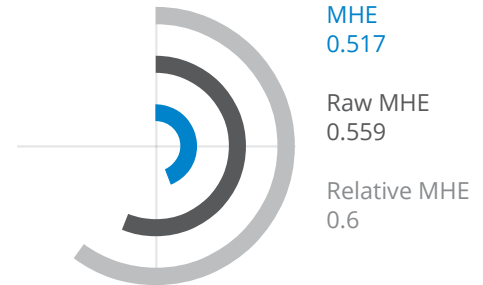
Average life expectancy
75.60 years

*For more information on data and components please visit: <https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO>

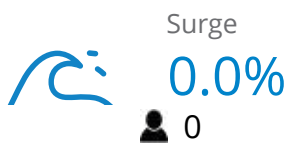
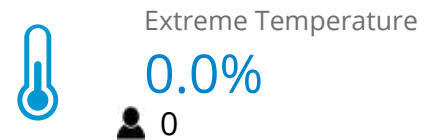
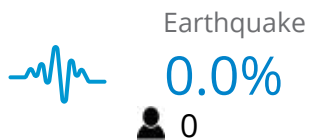


MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE

RANK: 29 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.517



ESTIMATED POPULATION EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:





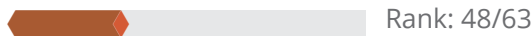
VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 50 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.375

Vulnerability in Can Tho is primarily driven by Population Pressures and Clean Water Access Vulnerability. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



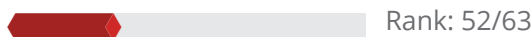
Environmental Stress



2.6% Forest Change
22.29 Livestock Density (per sq km)



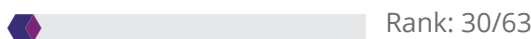
Vulnerable Health Status



75.6 Life Expectancy (years)
9.3 Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)
5.9% Acute Malnutrition (Children <5)
103.2 Tuberculosis Incidence (per 100,000 persons)
0.24 Malaria Prevalance (per 100,000 persons)
410.7 HIV Prevalance (per 100,000 persons)



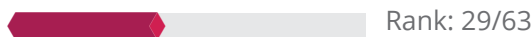
Clean Water Vulnerability



86.5% Households with Safe Water Access
69.0% Households with Hygienic Toilet Access



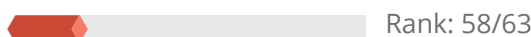
Information Access Vulnerability



5.8% Adult Illiteracy Rate
85.4% School Attendance Rate
77.0% Households without Internet
7.0% Housholds without TV



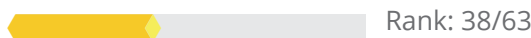
Economic Constraints



38.9 Economic Dependency Ratio
3.1% Poverty



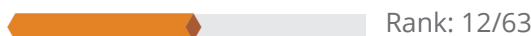
Gender Inequality



0.12 Income Inequality*
0.23 F M School Enrollment Rate*
*Values closer to 1 represent greater gender parity.



Population Pressures



0.9% Average Annual Population Change
4.5% Average Annual Urban Population Change
4.6% Net Migration Rate



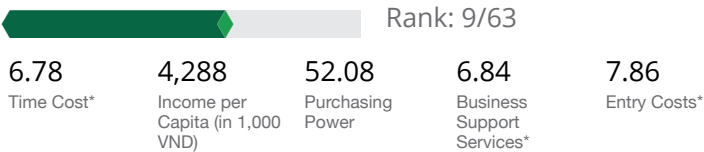
COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 9 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.58

Can Tho exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Environmental Capacity and Governance. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



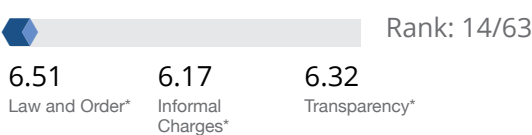
Economic Capacity



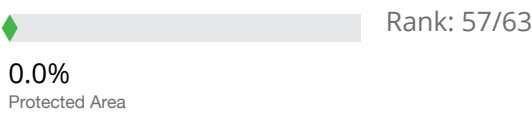
*Values represent a sub-index score where 1 is considered low (poor) and 10 is considered high (good).



Governance



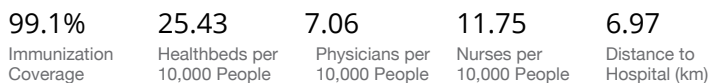
Environmental Capacity



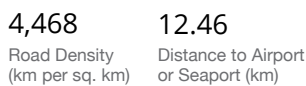
Infrastructure Capacity



Health Care Capacity Rank: 19/63



Transportation Capacity Rank: 9/63



Communications Capacity Rank: 10/63





RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 9 / 63 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.602

Can Tho's score and ranking are due to low Vulnerability combined with very high Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Population Pressures



Clean Water Access Vulnerability



Environmental Capacity



Governance



MULTI-HAZARD RISK

46 / 63

Rank within provinces
Score: 0.438



Can Tho's score and ranking are due to moderate Multi-hazard exposure combined with low Vulnerability and very high Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:

