

PALAU NGARCHELONG

NDPBA SUBNATIONAL PROFILE



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PALAU NGARCHELONG

CAPITAL: MENGELLANG

Area: 3 mi2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -Moderate Score: 0.485 • Rank: 9/16

→)(←

RESILIENCE (R) - Moderate Score: 0.601 • Rank: 6/16



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - High Score: 0.655 • Rank: 5/16



VULNERABILITY (V) -Moderate Score: 0.533 • Rank: 8/16



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High Score: 0.734 • Rank: 5/16 No High School Diploma 12.0%



Households without Internet **59.3%**



Temporary Structures as Housing 3.54%

MHE 0.655



RANK: 5 / 16 STATES SCORE: 0.655



Raw MHE 0.622

Relative MHE 0.689

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Sea Level Rise



Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 16.7%



Storm Surge + Sea Level Rise

Z

\$6.93 Million Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

37.5%

35



Storm Surge

å 16 \$4.56 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 31.9%



Tropical Cyclone Wind

100% 384

\$11.9 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%

4.0% **15** \$4.56 Million Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

Tsunami

31.9%

Earthquake

384
\$11.5 Million
Critical Infrastructure E

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100.0%

MÈ



å 22

Landslide

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 4.2%

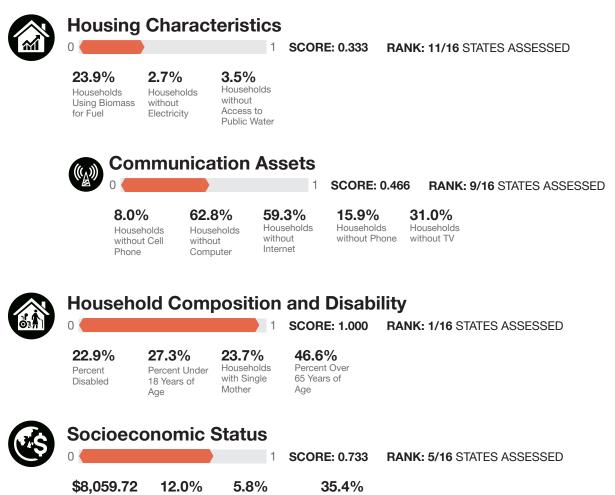




VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 8 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.533

Vulnerability measures the conditions and processes that increase susceptibility of communities and systems to the damaging effects of hazards. Vulnerability in Ngarchelong is primarily driven by Household Composition and Disability and Socioeconomic Status. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.





12.0% Percent No High School Diploma **5.8%** Unemployment Rate **35.4%** Population Earning Less than \$5.50 per day

84

Housing Type and Transportation

3.4 Median Number of Persons per Housing Unit **13.3%** Percent of Households with No Vehicle **0.0%** Population Living in Group Quarters

- **3.5%** Institutionalized Population Living in Temporary

Structures

0.0% Housing Structures with 10 or more Units

RANK: 13/16 STATES ASSESSED

COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.734

RANK: 5/16 STATES ASSESSED

RANK: 7/16 STATES ASSESSED

Coping Capacity measures the systems, means, and abilities of people and societies to absorb and respond to disruptions in normal function. The bar charts below indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Emergency Services Capacity

8.26 0.29 Average Distance to Fire Station (mi)

0.29 0.78 Average Distance to Shelter (mi) Health

Average Distance to Health Facility (mi)

0.58

Average Distance to

Port (mi)



0

Transportation Capacity

1.74 19 Road Density (mi per square mi) Kord

Maximum Distance to Koror (mi)

1

1 SCORE: 0.734

SCORE: 0.600

National Disaster Preparedness Baseline Assessment: Palau



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 6 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.601

Components of resilience are independent of natural hazard exposure. This type of measure helps rank states based on their likelihood of experiencing a disruption outside of a naturally occurring event.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:





Household Composition and Disability Socioeconomic Status



Transportation Capacity



Housing Characteristics

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Household Composition and Disability

Single-parent households and those with dependent populations, such as the very young, elderly and the disabled may have more difficulty with mobilizing and evacuating in a timely fashion. The deaf or hard of hearing, for example, may not receive audible hazard alerts. Once evacuated, disabled populations and those with special needs will require additional services and care considerations in the response aftermath and during recovery. Ensure that plans and strategies include special accommodations for these populations.



Socioeconomic Status

Populations experiencing socioeconomic constraints lack the necessary financial resources to adequately prepare for or recover from a natural disaster. The unemployed, low-income households, and those receiving public assistance have little to no financial buffers that would facilitate preparedness actions such as stocking extra food and supplies, support recovery actions such as repairing homes after a disaster, or fund mitigation actions that would protect their homes and property from future hazard impacts.



Transportation Capacity

Denser and more diverse transportation networks provide more options for bringing outside resources into an impacted area and increase the ability of response stakeholders to access affected populations. Improved transportation capacity supports the ability to distribute resources before, during, and after a disaster.



Housing Characteristics

Households experiencing access constraints with regard to information, clean water and energy are challenged to maintain a standard of living that meets basic household needs. Facing significant demands on daily routines effectively limit response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Limited communications assets, such as no telephone service or access to the internet can impede the ability of households to receive and act upon urgent hazard warning information.

HAZ	ARD-SPECIFIC	RISK (HSR)
	Sea Level Rise	RANK: 12 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.140
	Sea Level Rise + Storm Surge	RANK: 13 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.125
	Storm Surge	RANK: 8 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.170
Q	Tropical Cyclone Wind	RANK: 7 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.124
-Mp	Earthquake	RANK: 3 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.364
(G	Tsunami	RANK: 8 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.175
	Landslide	RANK: 8 / 16 STATES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.158



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

9 / 16 RANK WITHIN STATES Score: 0.485

Ngarchelong's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Moderate Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores: Multi-Hazard Exposure 0.655 0.498 Vulnerability 0.533 0.500 Coping Capacity 0.734 0.513



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Scher word.

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