

NEPAL SIRAHA

NDPBA SUBNATIONAL PROFILE



NEPAL SIRAHA

Area: 1,188 km²



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

High

Score: 0.599 • Rank: 17/77



Population (2021 Statistical Yearbook)

748.416



RESILIENCE (R) - Low

Score: 0.431 • Rank: 55/77



Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)

50.3



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE

(MHE) - High

Score: 0.660 • Rank: 25/77



Population below Poverty Line

34.6%



VULNERABILITY (V) - High

Score:0.529 • Rank: 23/77



Population with Safe Drinking Water

90.0%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Low

Score: 0.392 • Rank: 49/77



Adult Literacy

40.0%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 25 / 77 DISTRICTS

SCORE: 0.660



MHE 0.660

Raw MHE 0.725

Relative MHE 0.594

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

100%

2 792,023

\$1.09 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Landslide

1%

4,851

\$21.91 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 2%



Extreme Heat

100%

3 791,945

\$1.09 Billion

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 100%



Wildfire

<1%

24

-

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

-



Fluvial Flood

20%

4 157,872

\$371.16 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 34%



Pluvial Flood

39%

310,078

\$597.2 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 55%

NOTE: Population exposure values for Nepal districts are estimated using PDC's AIM model. Values may differ from Census population estimates.



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 23 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

RANK: 9/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.529

Vulnerability in Siraha is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Gender Inequality. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Information Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.820

40.0% Adult Literacy 2.82 Mean Years of Schooling

78.1 Primary School Net Enrollment

25.69

Student Teacher Ratio



Access to Clean Water Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.466 **RANK: 28/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED**

90.0%

Access to Safe **Drinking Water**

78.7% Households without Toilet

28.1% Water Schemes in Disrepair

150.4

Typhoid Incidence (per 10,000)

49.8

Cholera Incidence (per 100,000)



Economic Constraints

SCORE: 0.626

RANK: 19/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

\$689

Income per Capita (PPP \$)

34.6% Poverty Headcount

Ratio

8.0% Poverty Gap 86.3

Age Dependency Ratio



Food Insecurity



SCORE: 0.255

RANK: 66/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

17.1% Food Poverty Prevalence

18.5% Low kcal Intake Prevalence 62.3% Agricultural Insufficiency Rate



312

Gender Inequality

0.52 0.25 **SCORE: 0.663**

RANK: 7/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

Female to Male Literacy Ratio (Distance from Parity)

Female to Male Secondary Enrollment Ratio (Distance from Parity) 77.8% No Female Home nor Land Ownership

PDC Global www.pdc.org

RANK: 37/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED



RANK: 23 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.529

Vulnerability in Siraha is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Gender Inequality. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Vulnerable Health Status



65.6 Life Expectancy 1.4% Disabled

Rate

Population



Child Health

39.7% 50.3 Child Infant Mortality Malnutrition Rate (per

1,000 live births)

658.6 46.1 Child ARI Incidence (per 1,000) 100)

SCORE: 0.430

65.1 Child Diarrhea Child Incidence (per Pneumonia Incidence (per

1,000)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 49 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.392

Siraha exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Communications Capacity and Energy Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity



1 SCORE: 0.308

RANK: 33/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

17,784

82,972

Gross Domestic Product (Million Rs.)

Labor Productivity



Governance

0

SCORE: 0.469 RANK: 42/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

0.18

Average Annual Conflict (per 10,000) Government

Management

(Score out

Organization and Administration (Score out of 8)

4.25

6.65

Budget Fiscal and and Plan Financial Management (Score out of 11) of 11)

6.2

9.8

Service Flow (Score out of 16) **5.3**Judicial Work (Score out

of 7)

4.78Physical Infrastructure (Score out of 13)

4.53

Social Inclusion (Score out of 10) 2.95

6.2

of 9)

Environmental Protection and Disaster Management (Score out of 9) 1.25

Cooperation and Coordination (Score out of 6)



Environmental Capacity



1 SCORE: 0.000

RANK: 49/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

0.0%

Protected Area

314 PDC Global www.pdc.org



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 49 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.392

Siraha exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Communications Capacity and Energy Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.474

RANK: 43/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED



Communications Capacity

0 1

1.8%

Households with Landline

0.3% Households with Internet **35.5%**Households with Television

36.5%Households with Radio

SCORE: 0.326

56.4%Household

Households with Mobile Phone



Logistics Capacity

90.3%

12

Road Density Improved (km per sq. km) Roadway

8.4Average
Distance to

Airport (km)

109.8 Average Distance to Dry Port (km)

SCORE: 0.612

8.4Average
Distance to
Warehouse

(km)

11.9
Average
Distance to
Police Station

(km)

RANK: 57/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

RANK: 22/77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

11.3 Average Distance to Hospital (km) **0.87**Operational
Hospital Beds
(per 10,000)



Energy Capacity



SCORE: 0.484

RANK: 41 /77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

67.3%
Households
with Electricity

3.5%
Households
using Gas for
Cooking



RANK: 55 / 77 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.431

Siraha's score and ranking are due to High Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:







Gender Inequality



Communications Capacity



Energy Capacity

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Information Access Vulnerability

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the district. Emergency messages presented to the population must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.



Gender Inequality

Marginalized populations are less likely to have their needs met under pre-disaster conditions, and therefore become even more susceptible to harm during times of disaster. Increase gender-based inclusion in all phases of DM, ensuring the implementation at subnational and local levels. Courses of action must recognize the role of women in society and support changes to policies and programs to promote gender-equal access.



Communications Capacity

The density, diversity, resilience, and quality of communications infrastructure influence how subnational- and local-level populations are able to facilitate effective and coordinated communication.



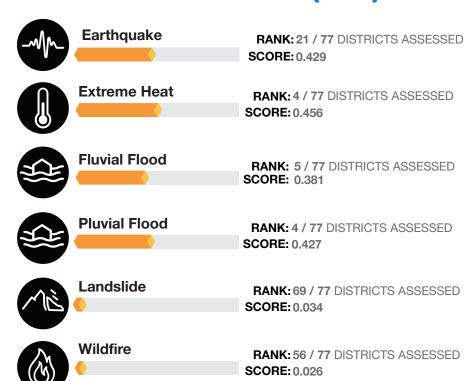
Energy Capacity

Homes, businesses, industry, and government all rely on access to energy resources for continuity of daily activities. Expanding, strengthening, and securing the energy network and increasing the availability and quantity of energy reserves will contribute to economic development and increase the speed of recovery processes in the aftermath of a disaster.

316 PDC Global www.pdc.org



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)





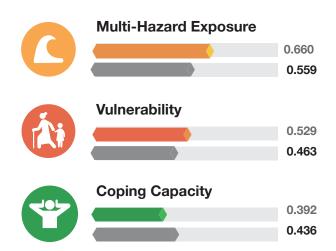
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

17 / 77
RANK WITHIN DISTRICTS
Score: 0.599

Siraha's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with High Vulnerability and Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:





318 PDC Global www.pdc.org



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 96753 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba.npl@pdc.org