

GUYANA

POMEROON-SUPENAAM

NDPBA SUBNATIONAL PROFILE



GUYANA

POMEROON-SUPENAAM

CAPITAL: ANNA REGINA

Area: 5,560 km2



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) -

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Score: 0.421 • Rank: 8/10



Population (2012 Census)

46,810



RESILIENCE (R) - High

Score: 0.599 • Rank: 4/10



Infant Mortality Rate (per 1,000 live births)

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MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE

(MHE) - High

Score: 0.459 • Rank: 4/10



Households in Lowest Wealth Quintile

34.2%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Low

Score:0.370 • Rank: 8/10



Households with Improved Drinking Water Source

94.4%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) -

Moderate

Score: 0.567 • Rank: 5/10



Adult Illiteracy

14.5%

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MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 4 / 10 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.459



MHE 0.459

Raw MHE 0.351

Relative MHE 0.566

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Coastal Flooding

30%

14,346

\$112 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 38%

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:



Flash Flooding

84%

39,829

\$276 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 84%



Drought

2%

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Riverine Flooding

35%

å 16,644

\$64.9 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 38%



Extreme Heat

95%

45,116

\$314 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 92%



Wildfire

98%

46,180

\$273 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 87%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 8 / 10 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.370

Vulnerability in Pomeroon-Supenaam is primarily driven by Vulnerable Groups and Environmental Stress. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress



SCORE: 0.442 RANK: 4/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

32.3% Households Affected by Drainage Issues

13.8% Households Affected by Waste Disposal

8.0% Households Affected by Soil Erosion

13.2% Households Affected by Water Contamination -60.52 Change in Intact Forest Area

119.5 Livestock Density (per sq km)



Socio-Demographic Vulnerability



1 SCORE: 0.352

RANK: 8/10 REGIONS ASSESSED



Population Pressures



SCORE: 0.182

RANK: 8/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

-0.50

-0.26 Average Annual Population Change

Net Migration Rate



Human Development Vulnerability



SCORE: 0.247

RANK: 8/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 5/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 9/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 4/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 7/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

Standard of Living

94.4%

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Rate

Households with Improved Drinking Water Source

Infant Mortality

97.3%

Households Households with Water with Improved Source over Sanitation 30 minutes from Home

SCORE: 0.265 11.0%

SCORE: 0.061

SCORE: 0.501

SCORE: 0.161

19.0% Households Households Cooking with with a Private Solid Fuels Vehicle

11.7%

Access

75.6% Population Households with Internet

Access

48.4% Households with Radio with Television

Access

Vulnerable Health Status

Adolescent Birth Rate

3.6%

0.2%

Children Under Age 5 Wasting

Information Access **Vulnerability**

36.9%

Adults with

Less than

Secondary Education

58.0

14.5% Adult Illiteracy 91.1% Net Primary School

Enrollment

Economic Constraints

Dependency Ratio

Unemployment Rate

34.2%

10.6% Unemployment Rate

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RANK: 8 / 10 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.370

SCORE: 0.700



Socio-Demographic Vulnerability (Continued...)



Vulnerable Groups

1 SCORE: 0.620

RANK: 6/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

RANK: 4/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

2.7%

Disabled Population

Gender Inequality

1.09

Female to Male Labor Participation

0.30

Parity in Secondary Education Enrollment

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 10 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.567

Pomeroon-Supenaam exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Economic Capacity and Governance. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.448 RANK: 6/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

8.8% Concentration of Wealth

6.3% Population Receiving Remittances

66.0% Households with a Bank Account



Governance

SCORE: 0.584 RANK: 5/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

42.4 Crime Rate per 10,000 persons

57.1% Trust in Government 32.2% Community Involvement

11.5% Local Government Participation 12.5% Prevalence of Corruption



Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 0.259 RANK: 7/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

<1% Percent Protected Area

53.9% State Managed Forest Area -1000 Average Annual Net Carbon Flux



Infrastructure Capacity





Emergency Services and Health Care Capacity

SCORE: 0.896 RANK: 3/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

15.6 Average Distance to Fire Station (km)

10.5 Average Distance to Hospital (km) 5.9 Average Distance to Police Station (km)

100.0% Immunization Coverage

(km per sq km)

Transportation Capacity

SCORE: 0.510 **RANK: 4/10 REGIONS ASSESSED**

0.16 Road Density 7.7 Average

Distance to Port/Airport

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 5 / 10 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.567



Infrastructure Capacity (Continued...)



Communications Capacity

SCORE: 0.774

RANK: 5/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

80.5% Households with Mobile Phones 20.9% Households with Fixed Phones 100% Cell Tower Coverage Area



Energy Capacity

SCORE: 0.724

RANK: 3/10 REGIONS ASSESSED

77.6%
Households
with Electricity

54.1%Households
Using Gas as
Main Cooking
Fuel

4.7 Fuel Stations per 10,000 Persons



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 4 / 10 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.599

Pomeroon-Supenaam's score and ranking are due to Low Vulnerability combined with Moderate Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Vulnerable Groups



Environmental Stress



Economic Capacity



Governance

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Vulnerable Groups

Marginalized populations are less likely to have their needs met under pre-disaster conditions, and therefore become even more susceptible to harm during times of disaster. Increase gender-based inclusion and involvement of persons with disabilities and their caregivers in all phases of disaster management, ensuring implementation at subnational and local levels. Plans and strategies must consider the special needs and accommodations of disabled populations during response and recovery, including evacuation and sheltering. Courses of action must consider the roles of women in society and support changes to policies and programs to promote gender-equal access.



Environmental Stress

Environmental stressors such as the depletion or contamination of natural resources can exacerbate natural hazards and negatively impact the health, safety, and economic security of the population.



Economic Capacity

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a region's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.



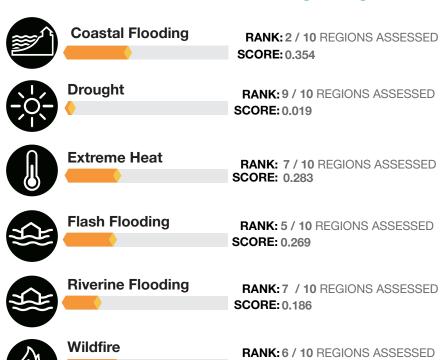
Governance

Instability of institutional structures can make a region more susceptible to the negative effects of a disaster event. Increasing stability increases the likelihood that emergencies can be better managed at the local level and supports a quick return to normal functions.

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HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



SCORE: 0.285



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)



8 / 10

RANK WITHIN REGIONS Score: 0.421

Pomeroon-Supenaam's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Low Vulnerability and Moderate Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:





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