

ARGENTINA

SANTIAGO DEL ESTERO

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



ARGENTINA SANTIAGO DEL ESTERO

CAPITAL: SANTIAGO DEL ESTERO

Area: 136,911 km²

Santiago del Estero Province is located in the Noroeste Argentino (NOA) region of Argentina. This Province is divided into 27 Provinces, the Capital being Santiago del Estero. The Province borders the Provinces of Santa Fe, Chaco, Salta, Tucumán, Catamarca and Córdoba. The main economic sources are agriculture, livestock, lumber, some mining and tourism.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very High

Score: 0.607 · Rank: 3/24



RESILIENCE (R) - Very Low

Score: 0.407 · Rank: 21/24



Population (2018)

958,251



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - High

Score: 0.635 · Rank: 6/24



Population in Poverty

38.9%



VULNERABILITY (V) - High

Score: 0.555 · Rank: 9/24



Illiterate population

4.0%



Access to improved water

75.8%



Average life expectancy

74.3 years



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very Low

Score: 0.369 · Rank: 21/24

^{*}For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.lv/2LqVoUO



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 6 / 24 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.635



MHE 0.635

Raw MHE 0.464

Relative MHE 0.806

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

<1%

å 7



Flood

13% 4 122,588 **54** Billion

MR

Landslide

22%

214,212 \$7.9 Billion



Volcanic Eruption

0%

& 0



Wildfire

26%

252,200 \$7.1 Billion



Drought

98%

♣ 932,061 \$29.1 Billion



Extreme Temperature

76%

2 728,076 \$23.5 Billion



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 9 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.555

Vulnerability in Santiago del Estero is primarily driven by Clean Water Access Vulnerability and Economic Constraints. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.37 RANK: 22/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.4% 13.1

Land affected Land degredation by wildfire (per 100k ha)



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.475 RANK: 7/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.9 74.3 10.7 16.2% 3.9 9.5 Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 Disability HIV/ Tuberculosis Life expectancy Maternal incidence incidence

(years) mortality ratio live births)

Clean Water Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.909 **RANK: 2/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

78.1% 24.2% Households Households

without piped without sewage water services



Information Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.601 RANK: 4/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

4.0% 81.2% 79.5% 3.89

Illiteracy Rate Secondary School Education investment per (Age 10+) education enrollment capita (million pesos) completion rate

Economic Constraints

SCORE: 0.672 RANK: 6/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

56.4 6.2% 38.9% Economic Unemployment Poverty rate

dependency rate ratio

Gender Inequality



SCORE: 0.386 RANK: 21/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.78 47.4

Female to male Female judiciary unemployment seats

Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.471 RANK: 17/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.1% Average Annual population change



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 21 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.369

Santiago del Estero exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Energy Capacity and Communications Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.422 RANK: 12/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

865.6 0.8% 31.3

Exports per capita Work insurance Tax distribution (USD) coverage



Governance

SCORE: 0.558 RANK: 9/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

15.8 80.5%
Crime Voter prevalence participation



Environmental Capacity

SCORE: 0,435 RANK: 9/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.5% 52.1% Protected area Forest cover



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.295 RANK: 22/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.301 RANK: 24/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

38.2 19.6 44.1% 25.4

Hopital beds per Physicians per Health insurance Average distance to nearest 10,000 people coverage hospital (km2)

Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.649 RANK: 9/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.30 17.9 96.9%



Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.123 RANK: 22/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

23.7% 11.3%

Households with Internet Television subscriptions per 100 people

Energy Ca

Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.107 RANK: 22/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

86.5% 20.3%

Households with electricity Households with gas



Disaster Management Capabilities

SCORE: 0.169 RANK: 22/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

70.5 0 41.7%

Distance to fire Shelters per 100k Radiobase station (km) persons access



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 21 / 24 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.407

Santiago del Estero's score and ranking are due to High Vulnerability combined with Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:









Clean Water Access Vulnerability

Economic Constraints

Energy Capacity

Communications Capacity



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake •	RANK: 10 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.024
Wildfire	RANK: 12 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.308
Volcano	RANK: 9 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
Flood	RANK: 5 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.343
Landslide	RANK: 8 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.265
Drought	RANK: 4 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.526
Extreme Temperature	RANK: 3 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.462

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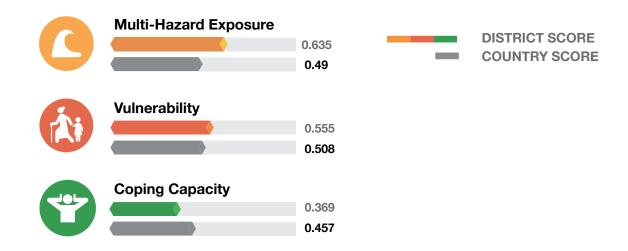
MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

3 / 24

RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.607

Santiago del Estero's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard exposure combined with High Vulnerability and Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



SANTIAGO DEL ESTERO RECOMMENDATIONS

Clean Water Access Vulnerability

Findings show that Santiago del Estero Province ranks 2nd highest in Argentina in Overall Clean Water Access Vulnerability. Over 24% of homes in Santiago del Estero Province do not have access to piped water, and 78% are not connected to sewer services. Invest in improved water and sanitation infrastructure to increase access to clean water and reduce health risks.

Findings show a high risk of drought and extreme heat in Santiago del Estero Province. Protect the agricultural sector by investing in infrastructure to promote water conservation and support farmers through training and education on drought resistant crop varieties and farming practices to reduce water stress and drought impacts.

The Province is also exposed to recurrent flooding. Educate and build preparedness among exposed communities on potential impacts of floods on fresh water and sanitation systems. Replace dated and unimproved water and sanitation infrastructure to reduce potential impacts and increase resilience.

2

Economic Constraints

Findings show that Santiago del Estero Province has the 4th highest overall Economic Constraints in Argentina, characterized by the country's 4th highest poverty rate (3.89%) combined with the 8th highest economic dependency ratio. Support new business opportunities to diversify livelihoods and generate prospects for equitable distribution of property and economic assets in the Province.

Consider long-term economic plans that both promote social benefits for elderly, low income, and single-parent households, and allocate the revenue required to balance the costs of these benefits.

Economic constraints in Santiago del Estero are closely linked to Information Access Vulnerability and vice versa. Removing economic barriers to education, and ensuring equitable access to schools, educational resources, and information technology will reduce vulnerability in the district.

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SANTIAGO DEL ESTERO RECOMMENDATIONS

3

Energy Capacity

Santiago del Estero Province ranks 22nd in overall Energy Capacity, with 86% of households reporting connection to the electricity network, and 20por% of households connected to the natural gas network. Focus development programs on increasing energy capacity by establishing sustainable power generation in underserved communities and extending the existing transmission and distribution network.

4

Communications Capacity

Findings show that Santiago del Estero Province ranks 22nd in the country in overall Communication Capacity. Just 24% of households have access to the internet – 3rd lowest in the country, and there are just 11 television subscriptions per 100 people. Pursue public-private partnerships to increase availability and affordability of internet and television communications.

While investing to diversify access to communication technology, officials should broadcast critical information and disaster warnings primarily via alternate media (such as radio) to keep the population informed and ensure that appropriate actions are taken. Santiago del Estero Province is exposed to drought, extreme temperature, wildfire, landslide, and flood hazards.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer Morld.

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