



THE PHILIPPINES

ROMBLON

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE

THE PHILIPPINES

ROMBLON

CAPITAL: ROMBLON

Area: 1,533 km²

Romblon is an archipelagic province of the Philippines located in the Mimaropa region. Its main islands include Tablas, Sibuyan, smaller island municipalities of Corcuera, Banton, Concepcion, San Jose, and Romblon. The province is geographically part of the Visayas and is surrounded by deep waters. The islands are dispersed and accessible only via sea except for Tablas Island. Agriculture is the main industry with coconut being the most cultivated crop. Livestock and poultry are also produced within the province.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Low
Score: 0.470 • Rank: 65/84



RESILIENCE (R) - Low
Score: 0.535 • Rank: 60/84



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very Low
Score: 0.481 • Rank: 68/84



VULNERABILITY (V) - High
Score: 0.476 • Rank: 27/84



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Medium
Score: 0.546 • Rank: 50/84



Population (2018)
288,053



Population in Poverty
19.6%



Literate population
98.9%



Access to improved water
93.5%



Average life expectancy
67.0 years

*For more information on data and components please visit: <https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO>



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 68 / 84 PROVINCES
SCORE: 0.481



MHE
0.481

Raw MHE
0.362

Relative MHE
0.599

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

52%

148,804

\$439.4 Million



Tsunami

<1%

1,133

-



Flood

73%

210,867

\$592.6 Million



Liquefaction

16%

46,478

\$145.5 Million



Landslide

27%

77,317

\$161.4 Million



Volcano

-

-

-



Drought

-

-

-



Wildfire

6%

16,695

\$48.4 Million



Storm Surge

38%

108,131

\$171.4 Million



Typhoon Winds

100%

287,995

\$726.2 Million




VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 27 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.476

Vulnerability in Romblon is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Economic Constraints. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

0  1 **SCORE: 0.596** **RANK: 17/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

2.07 Livestock density
12.3 Barren land (per 10k hectares)
-3.76% Forest cover change



Vulnerable Health Status

0  1 **SCORE: 0.51** **RANK: 22/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

6.5% Malnutrition among children (0 to 5 years old)
1.84 Infant mortality rate (per 1k live births)
122.5 Maternal mortality rate (per 100k live births)
67.02 Life expectancy
526 Disability (per 100k persons)

43 Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons)
0 HIV mortality rate (per 100k persons)
4.1 Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons)
0.3 Other arthropod-borne viral fevers and viral hemorrhagic fever mortality rate (per 100k persons)



Clean Water Vulnerability

0  1 **SCORE: 0.419** **RANK: 43/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

93.5% Households with improved safe water source
86.2% Households with sanitary toilet facility



Information Access Vulnerability

0  1 **SCORE: 0.509** **RANK: 32/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

98.85% Literacy rate (age 10 and older)
119.68% Gross primary school enrollment rate
1.49% Internet Access
56.35% Households with radio
48.08% Households with television



Economic Constraints



SCORE: 0.571 **RANK: 20/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.71
Economic
dependency
ratio

19.57%
Poverty
incidence



Gender Inequality



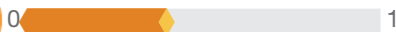
SCORE: 0.324 **RANK: 65/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.06
Female to male
secondary school
enrollment Rate

0.55
Labor force
participation ratio



Population Pressures



SCORE: 0.406 **RANK: 43/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.59
Population
growth rate
(2010-2015)

42.13
Average annual
urban population
growth rate

0.4%
Informal settlers



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 50 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.546

Romblon exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Health Care Capacity and Energy Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity



SCORE: 0.584 **RANK: 27/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0.9

Purchasing power of the peso

62.52%

Labor force participation rate

2350.2

Local government annual regular income per capita (Philippine Peso)



Governance



SCORE: 0.634 **RANK: 43/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

82.2%

Voter participation

0.34

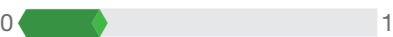
Organized violence (per 100k persons)

9.83%

Garbage pickup



Environmental Capacity



SCORE: 0.214 **RANK: 68/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0

Protected areas (per 1k ha)

6.2%

Forest reserves



Infrastructure Capacity

0 1 **SCORE: 0.53** **RANK: 52/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED



Health Care Capacity **SCORE: 0.293** **RANK: 76/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

3.02	1.55	56.47%	9.98
Hopital beds (per 10k people)	Physicians per 10,000 people	Vaccination coverage	Average distance to nearest hospital (km)



Transportation Capacity **SCORE: 0.595** **RANK: 23/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.83	9.67
Road density (km per sq. km)	Average distance to nearest port (km)



Communications Capacity **SCORE: 0.649** **RANK: 49/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.4%	95.4%
Households with a landline	Mobile coverage



Energy Capacity **SCORE: 0.404** **RANK: 67/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

68.1%	5.7%
Households with electricity	Households with gas



Emergency Services Capacity **SCORE: 0.709** **RANK: 14/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

98.76	2.36	5.06
Evacuation centers (per 100k persons)	Fire Stations (per 100k persons)	Fire Trucks (per 100k persons)



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 60 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.535

Romblon's score and ranking are due to High Vulnerability combined with Medium Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Environmental Stress



Economic Constraints



Health Care Capacity



Energy Capacity



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



Earthquake

RANK: 77 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.066



Tsunami

RANK: 40 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.069



Flood

RANK: 25 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.240



Liquefaction

RANK: 66 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.086



Landslide

RANK: 31 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.255



Volcano

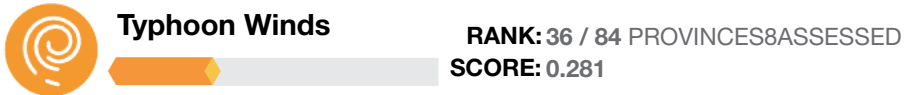
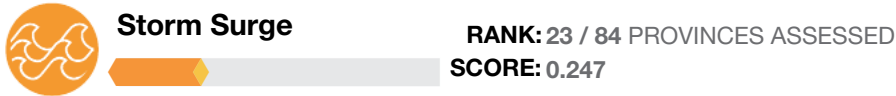
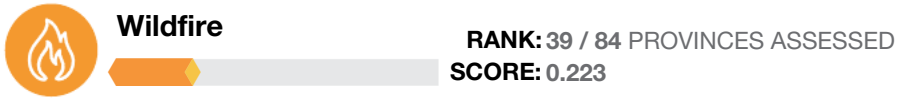
RANK: 68 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0



Drought

RANK: 58 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
SCORE: 0.000

(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

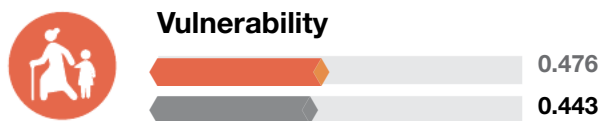
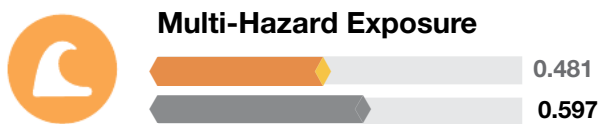
65 / 84
RANK WITHIN PROVINCES
Score: 0.470



Romblon’s score and ranking are due to Very Low Multi-hazard exposure combined with High Vulnerability and Medium Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:

PROVINCE SCORE
COUNTRY SCORE



ROMBLON RECOMMENDATIONS

1

Environmental Stress

- Romblon is ranked 4th highest in the Philippines for forest cover change. Between 2000 and 2010 forest cover decreased by 3.76 percent. Continued reforestation projects and expanded protection of forested areas from illegal logging are needed. Investing in sustainable agriculture and forestry practices can also increase economic capacity through the creation of jobs and expanded eco-tourism.

2

Economic Constraints

- In Romblon, economic constraints are a major driver of vulnerability. Continue to work with local stakeholders and diverse partners to stimulate economic growth. Expand public assistance where possible to increase the availability of resources and options for low income individuals.
- Focus efforts on promoting industries that create gainful work, to prevent outmigration of the working age population. Invest in small and local businesses, especially in rural and remote areas.

3

Health Care Capacity

- Continue to work with local and international partners to increase health care capacity. Invest in new and improved infrastructure, as well as the provision of medical supplies and increased skilled care personnel.
- Expand efforts to remove barriers to health care access, such as cost and distance. Importantly, ensure that all efforts reach rural and remote areas.

4

Energy Capacity

- Romblon ranked 67th out of the 84 territories for energy capacity, with 68.1% of households having access to electricity. Additionally, 5.7% of households have access to liquid petroleum gas lines. Continue to invest in energy infrastructure and access to homes.
- Expand private-public partnerships to ensure energy expansion projects provide affordable and equitable access, especially in rural communities. Increasing energy capacity will also make the business market more attractive and can help stimulate the creation of jobs.

**Better solutions.
Fewer disasters.**

Safer world.

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