



**THE PHILIPPINES**

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**PANGASINAN**

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**NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE**

# THE PHILIPPINES

## PANGASINAN

### CAPITAL: LINGAYEN

Area: 5,451 km<sup>2</sup>

Pangasinan is a province in the Philippines located in the Ilocos Region of Luzon. It is on the western area of the island of Luzon along the Lingayen Gulf and West Philippine Sea. The province is mostly flat with few hills or mountainous zones. Due to the flat land the economy is largely agricultural growing coconut, rice, mango, and eggplant.



## RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



**MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - High**  
Score: 0.541 • Rank: 19/84



**RESILIENCE (R) - High**  
Score: 0.603 • Rank: 20/84



**MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very High**  
Score: 0.830 • Rank: 6/84



**VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low**  
Score: 0.352 • Rank: 70/84



**COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Medium**  
Score: 0.558 • Rank: 43/84



Population (2018)  
**3,017,739**



Population in Poverty  
**9.2%**



Literate population  
**99.4%**



Access to improved water  
**97.3%**



Average life expectancy  
**68.6 years**

\*For more information on data and components please visit: <https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO>



## MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 6 / 84 PROVINCES  
SCORE: 0.830



MHE  
0.830

Raw MHE  
0.881

Relative MHE  
0.778

### ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

**96%**

**2,901,032**  
**\$14.7 Billion**



Tsunami

**<1%**

**2,779**  
**\$7.9 Million**



Flood

**84%**

**2,519,870**  
**\$12.6 Billion**



Liquefaction

**83%**

**2,493,193**  
**\$12.5 Billion**



Landslide

**1%**

**33,433**  
**\$166.8 Million**



Volcano

**<1%**

**5,270**  
**\$26.3 Million**



Drought

**-**

**-**  
**-**



Wildfire

**10%**

**288,385**  
**\$1.7 Billion**



Storm Surge

**14%**

**418,948**  
**\$1.9 Billion**



Typhoon Winds

**100%**

**3,012,852**  
**\$14.9 Billion**



## VULNERABILITY (V)

**RANK: 70 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.352**

Vulnerability in Pangasinan is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Vulnerable Health Status. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



### Environmental Stress

0 1 **SCORE: 0.516** **RANK: 31/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**2.89** Livestock density  
**47.35** Barren land (per 10k hectares)  
**4.50%** Forest cover change



### Vulnerable Health Status

0 1 **SCORE: 0.415** **RANK: 55/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**5.9%** Malnutrition among children (0 to 5 years old)  
**5.86** Infant mortality rate (per 1k live births)  
**53.49** Maternal mortality rate (per 100k live births)  
**68.64** Life expectancy  
**291** Disability (per 100k persons)

**24** Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons)  
**0.1** HIV mortality rate (per 100k persons)  
**5.4** Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons)  
**1.1** Other arthropod-borne viral fevers and viral hemorrhagic fever mortality rate (per 100k persons)



### Clean Water Vulnerability

0 1 **SCORE: 0.194** **RANK: 78/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**97.3%** Households with improved safe water source  
**94.6%** Households with sanitary toilet facility



### Information Access Vulnerability

0 1 **SCORE: 0.314** **RANK: 74/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**99.35%** Literacy rate (age 10 and older)  
**112.01%** Gross primary school enrollment rate  
**5.32%** Internet Access  
**73.68%** Households with radio  
**82.45%** Households with television



### Economic Constraints



**SCORE: 0.303** **RANK: 56/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

**0.61**  
Economic  
dependency  
ratio

**9.17%**  
Poverty  
incidence



### Gender Inequality



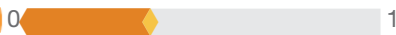
**SCORE: 0.362** **RANK: 58/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

**1.04**  
Female to male  
secondary school  
enrollment Rate

**0.48**  
Labor force  
participation ratio



### Population Pressures



**SCORE: 0.358** **RANK: 59/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

**1.18**  
Population  
growth rate  
(2010-2015)

**8.91**  
Average annual  
urban population  
growth rate

**1.4%**  
Informal settlers




## COPING CAPACITY (CC)

**RANK: 43 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.558**

Pangasinan exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Emergency Services Capacity and Economic Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



### Economic Capacity

0  1 **SCORE: 0.484** **RANK: 51/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**0.91**

Purchasing power of the peso

**60.22%**


Labor force participation rate

**1081.54**

Local government annual regular income per capita (Philippine Peso)



### Governance

0  1 **SCORE: 0.69** **RANK: 27/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**85.1%**

Voter participation

**6.06**

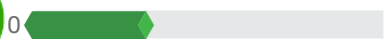
Organized violence (per 100k persons)

**20.59%**

Garbage pickup



### Environmental Capacity

0  1 **SCORE: 0.331** **RANK: 51/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

**0.18**

Protected areas (per 1k ha)

**17.6%**

Forest reserves



### Infrastructure Capacity

0 1 **SCORE: 0.576** **RANK: 35/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED



### Health Care Capacity **SCORE: 0.577** **RANK: 21/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

<b>7.53</b>	<b>2.89</b>	<b>68.72%</b>	<b>4.65</b>
Hopital beds (per 10k people)	Physicians per 10,000 people	Vaccination coverage	Average distance to nearest hospital (km)



### Transportation Capacity **SCORE: 0.577** **RANK: 26/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

<b>1.65</b>	<b>22.64</b>
Road density (km per sq. km)	Average distance to nearest port (km)



### Communications Capacity **SCORE: 0.532** **RANK: 63/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

<b>5.8%</b>	<b>74.7%</b>
Households with a landline	Mobile coverage



### Energy Capacity **SCORE: 0.829** **RANK: 17/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

<b>90.5%</b>	<b>34.4%</b>
Households with electricity	Households with gas



### Emergency Services Capacity **SCORE: 0.367** **RANK: 61/84** PROVINCES ASSESSED

<b>13.1</b>	<b>1.39</b>	<b>2.28</b>
Evacuation centers (per 100k persons)	Fire Stations (per 100k persons)	Fire Trucks (per 100k persons)



## RESILIENCE (R)

**RANK: 20 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.603**

Pangasinan’s score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with Medium Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



**Environmental Stress**



**Vulnerable Health Status**



**Emergency Services Capacity**



**Economic Capacity**



## HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



**Earthquake**

**RANK: 8 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.377**



**Tsunami**

**RANK: 32 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.097**



**Flood**

**RANK: 2 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.366**



**Liquefaction**

**RANK: 3 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.368**



**Landslide**

**RANK: 78 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.088**



**Volcano**

**RANK: 39 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.113**

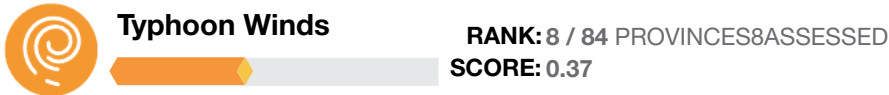
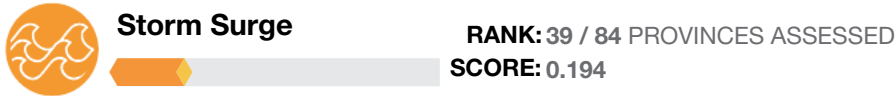
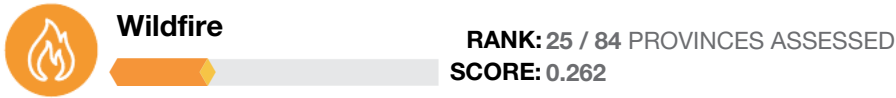


**Drought**

**RANK: 58 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**  
**SCORE: 0.000**



**(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)**



**MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

**19 / 84**

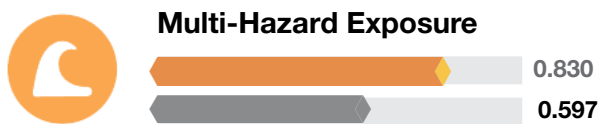
RANK WITHIN PROVINCES  
Score: 0.541



Pangasinan’s score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and Medium Coping Capacity scores.

**Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:**

PROVINCE SCORE  
COUNTRY SCORE



# PANGASINAN RECOMMENDATIONS

## 1

### Environmental Stress

- Mitigation potential hazard impacts by promoting environmental protection and restoration. Focus efforts on increasing forest cover, decreasing areas classified as barren land and promoting sustainable agriculture.
- Vulnerable health status is also a major driver of vulnerabilities in Pangasinan. Efforts to enhance the natural and built environment can improve health outcomes by decreasing runoff, mitigating the impacts of climate change and enhancing other ecosystem services.

## 2

### Vulnerable Health Status

- Continue efforts to increase the health and well-being of the population in Pangasinan. Ensure community monitoring of infectious diseases and health care is available throughout the province.
- Expand partnerships to boost economic development and resources that can be used for public health interventions. Ensure health care is financially and physically accessible, as well as equipped to be able to accommodate patients with various health conditions.

## 3

### Emergency Services Capacity

- Continue work with partners such as the Philippines Red Cross to expand and enhance emergency service capacity. Increase the number of evacuation centers, fire stations and fire trucks to serve the population and increase emergency service capacity.
- Continue to support evidence-based preparedness and response coordination, including the provision of emergency equipment and supplies. Additionally, increase efforts to have a central database that makes sub-national data on disaster management capabilities and resources more accessible. Increasing transparency through sharing data will ensure efficient and effective coordination at all levels of government, as well as with partners.

# 4

## Economic Capacity

- Pangasinan ranked 51st out of 84 territories in economic capacity. Continue to encourage programs that diversify the economy in Pangasinan to generate public revenue and create new job opportunities. Pursue policies that balance inflation rates and create equal opportunities for employment.

**Better solutions.  
Fewer disasters.**

# Safer world.

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