

**SIERRA LEONE** 

# WESTERN AREA URBAN

**NDPBA DISTRICT PROFILE** 



### SIERRA LEONE

# **WESTERN AREA URBAN**

**CAPITAL: FREETOWN** 

Area: 82 km<sup>2</sup>

Western Area Urban District is the most populous district in the country and home to a significant population of all of Sierra Leone's ethnic groups. It is located in the Western Area of the country with an area of 82 km2. Western Area Urban District is exclusively made up of the city of Freetown which is the capital of Sierra Leone and it is Sierra Leone's major urban, economic, financial, cultural, educational and political center as well as the seat of the country's central government. It is bordered by the Western Rural Area to its south, southeast and east, the Sierra Leone River estuary to the north and northeast and the Atlantic Ocean to the northwest. It is located on a mountainous peninsula, which is approximately 38km long and 16km wide, with topographic relief of over 700m.a.s.l. The peninsula is surrounded by the Atlantic Ocean. Dense forest covers the highest areas whilst many of the lower slopes have been deforested leaving a cover of sparse forest, grasslands and urbanized built-up areas. The city's economy revolves largely around its harbor, which occupies a part of the estuary of the Sierra Leone River in one of the world's largest natural deep-water harbors.

### RISK AND VULNERABILITY

### COMPONENT SCORE



### **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Moderate**

Score: 0.495 · Rank: 6/14



Population (2015)

1,055,964



**RESILIENCE (R) - Very High** 

Score: 0.682 · Rank: 1/14



**Infant Mortality Rate** 

83



**MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very High** 

Score: 0.849 · Rank: 2/14



Illiterate population

22.2%



**VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low** 

Score: 0.312 · Rank: 14/14



Access to improved water

71.6%



**COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very High** 

Score: 0.677 · Rank: 2/14



Average life expectancy

**63.2** years

<sup>\*</sup>For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



# **MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)**

**RANK: 2 / 14 DISTRICTS** 

**SCORE: 0.849** 



MHE 0.849

Raw MHE

Relative MHE 0.698

### **ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:**



Inland Flood **27.2%** 

**287,011** 



**Coastal Flood** 

**6.2% 4** 65,341

MÈ

Landslide

63.7%



Drought 000/

**&** 0



Wildfire

61.6%

**&** 649,910



# VULNERABILITY (V)

**RANK: 14 / 14 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.312** 

Vulnerability in Western Area Urban is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Vulnerable Health Status. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the district's overall Vulnerability score.



### **Environmental Stress**

Rank: 4/14 Districts Assessed

2.1%

36.38

22.7%

0.0%

Average Annual Forest Loss

Livestock Density (per sq km)

Ecological Frosion Change Potential

Area Affected by Minina



### Vulnerable Health Status

Rank: 8/14 Districts Assessed

63.2

83 Infant Mortality 542

2.6% Acute

2.4%

445.3

6.3% Malaria Prevalance

(per 100,000

persons)

2.5%

Life Expectancy (years)

Rate (per 1,000 live births)

Maternal Mortality Ratio

Malnutrition (Children <5)

Population with Disability

**Tuberculosis** Incidence (per 100,000 persons)

HIV Prevalance (per 100,000 persons)



### Clean Water Vulnerability

Rank: 12/14 Districts Assessed

71.6%

81.7% Households with Households Improved Water with Improved Source Sanitation

78.6% Population at High Risk

13.8% Water Source > 30 minutes from of Fecal Home



### Information Access Vulnerability

Rank: 14/14 Districts Assessed

22.2% Illiteracy Rate (Age 10+)

89.9% Primary School Attendance

39.0% Upper Secondary Completion Rate

27.9% Households with

Internet

64.5% Television

65.4% Households with

Households with

Internet



### **Economic Constraints**

Ratio

Rank: 14/14 Districts Assessed

60.4 Economic

Dependency

24.4% Population in

Quintile

Poorest Wealth

0.09 Income Inequality (GINI)

4.4% Child Labor Participation

(Age 10-14)

Ratio

### **Gender Inequality**

Rank: 11/14 Districts Assessed

0.67 Female to Male Land Ownership' 0.69

Female to Male

0.81 Female to Home Ownership\* Male Labor 0.98 Female to Male Secondary Education<sup>3</sup>

41.7% Female Seats in Local Council

\*Values closer to 1 represent greater gender parity.



### **Population Pressures**

Rank: 10/14 Districts Assessed

2.8% Average Annual Population Change

Average Annual Urban Population Change

3.3%

91.75 Net Migration Rate

Participation'

25.5% Population that is Food Insecure

Ratio of Youth (15-24) to Adult (15+)

33.2%

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# **COPING CAPACITY (CC)**

**RANK: 2 / 14 DISTRICTS ASSESSED** 

**SCORE: 0.677** 

Western Area Urban exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Governance and Economic Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the district's overall Coping Capacity score.



### **Economic Capacity**

Rank: 3/14 Districts Assessed

41.2% 90.0% 75.5% 3.9

Households with Bank Income per Capita Population in Highest Financial Institutions per Account Wealth Quintile 100k Persons



### Governance

Rank: 11/14 Districts Assessed

7.86 86.2%
Conflict Events per Voter

Participation



### **Environmental Capacity**

Rank: 8/14 Districts Assessed

5.0%

100k Persons

Protected Area



### **Infrastructure Capacity**

Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed



### Health Care Capacity Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

11 1.21 10.61 0.76 69.3%

Hopital Beds per Physicians per Nurses per 10,000 Average Distance to Nearest Vaccination 10,000 People People Hospital (km²) Coverage

### Transportation Capacity Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

10.36 5.09

Road Density (km per sq. km) Distance to Airport or Seaport (km)



### Communications Capacity Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

96.9% 15.25

Households with Mobile Phone Cellular Towers per 100k Persons



### Energy Capacity Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

74.2% 2.67

Households Connected to Fuel Stations per Electric Grid Fuel Stations per 100k Persons



### **Emergency Service Capacity**

Rank: 1/14 Districts Assessed

 18.28
 1.99
 1.04

 Firefighters per 100k Persons
 Search and Rescue Teams per 100k Persons
 Fire Vehicles per 100k Persons



# **RESILIENCE (R)**

**RANK: 1 / 14 DISTRICTS** 

**SCORE: 0.682** 

Western Area Urban's score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with Very High Coping Capacity scores.

### Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:









**Environmental Stress** 

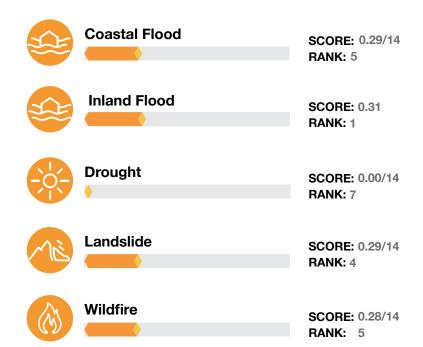
Vulnerable Health Status

Governance

**Economic Capacity** 



# **HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK**



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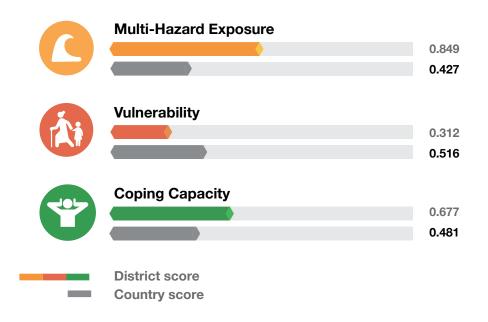
# **MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)**

6 / 14

Rank within districts Score: 0.495

Western Area Urban's score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and Very High Coping Capacity scores.

# Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



# WESTERN AREA URBAN RECOMMENDATIONS



### **Environmental Stress**

Environmental stressors such as the depletion, degradation, or contamination of natural resources can exacerbate natural hazards and negatively impact the health, safety, and economic security of Western Area Urban's population.

Findings show that Western Area Urban experienced the highest average annual deforestation rate between 2010 and 2018. Coupled with livestock density and urban development practices in the densely populated district, this increases environmental stress. Focus on protecting environmental resources from degradation, deforestation, and pressures from urban expansion, which increase the potential for hazards in this highly exposed area. Like Western Area Rural, the urban area is highly vulnerable to landslides and inland flooding, as evidenced by the 2017 Sugarloaf Landslide and 2019 Freetown Floods.

Invest in sustainable urban planning, including housing development, environmental protection, waste disposal, and wastewater management to prevent and reduce environmental stressors that contribute to major disasters.



### Vulnerable Health Status

A population with a compromised health status will have a greatly reduced ability to manage short- and long-term disaster outcomes. Improving health is often correlated with decreased susceptibility to injury, disease, and stress associated with disasters. Acute or prolonged vulnerable health status limits the basic capacity of response functions.

Overcrowding is a major factor in the transmission of communicable diseases. Continue active health surveillance to prevent the spread of disease and increase availability of skilled health care.

Increase medical stockpiles in anticipation of medical surge related to natural and public health disasters. Focus on attracting additional resources to support maternal and infant health care and engage adolescents on the risks of early pregnancy, increasing knowledge and access to health services and thereby reducing the risk of maternal and infant mortality.

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# WESTERN AREA URBAN RECOMMENDATIONS



### Governance

Instability of institutional structures can make a district more susceptible to the negative effects of a disaster event. Increasing stability in Western Area Urban increases the likelihood that emergencies can be better managed at the local level and supports a quick return to normal functions.

Conflict tends to increase poverty levels and undermine coping capacities by diverting attention away from disaster management. The densely populated Western Urban Area experienced the highest rate of conflict in Sierra Leone from 2015 through 2019. Focus on increasing resources for public security to monitor and anticipate conflict and civil unrest before it becomes violent.

Disasters have the tendency to amplify existing conflict over natural resources and equitable service access. Address conflict directly in city disaster management plans and SOPs, encouraging collaboration with city disaster management, law enforcement and military to control cascading incidents.



### **Economic Capacity**

A strong economic foundation provides an indication of a district's ability to absorb economic losses and quickly mobilize financial assets for preparedness, response and recovery activities. Western Area Urban's limited economic capacity correlates to disproportionate disaster impacts.

Though Western Area Urban ranks third in overall Economic Capacity, findings show that the district has the lowest employment rate in Sierra Leone. Given the link between employment and conflict, focus on increasing employment opportunities in the formal sector (i.e. wage earning, tax paying employees) by advocating for school-to-work programs and establishing economic development goals for sustainable job creation in Freetown.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

# Safer World.

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (080) 89 1-0525 F: (080) 891-0526



@PDC\_Global







ndpba.sle@pdc.org