

THE PHILIPPINES

MOUNTAIN PROVINCE

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



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MOUNTAIN PROVINCE

CAPITAL: BONTOC

Area: 2,389 km²

Mountain Province is a landlocked province of the Philippines in the Cordillera Administrative Region in Luzon. The province is named after Cordillera Central mountain range found in the upper realms of Luzon island. The province is bordered on the north by Kalinga, south by Ifugao, southwest by Benguet, west by Ilocos Sur, and northwest by Abra. The economy is largely based on agriculture with tourism also providing some income.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very Low

Score: 0.387 • Rank: 80/84



Population (2018)

158,114



RESILIENCE (R) - Very High

Score: 0.665 • Rank: 5/84



Population in Poverty

17.2%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Medium

Score: 0.492 • Rank: 37/84



Literate population

95.9%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low

Score: 0.323 • Rank: 67/84



Access to improved water

-



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very High

Score: 0.653 • Rank: 6/84



Average life expectancy

68.8 years

626

^{*}For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 37 / 84 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.492



MHE 0.492

Raw MHE 0.343

Relative MHE 0.641

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

100%

4 158,114

\$887.4 Million



Flood

<u>.</u> -

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Landslide

73%

115,053

\$595.2 Million



Drought

10%

15,419

\$166.9 Million



Storm Surge

-



Tsunami

å -

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Liquefacton

9%

4 14,683

\$76.5 Million



Volcano

L -



Wildfire



37%

♣ 58,852 \$341 Million



Typhoon Winds

100%

158,114

\$887.4 Million



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 76 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.323

Vulnerability in Mountain Province is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Environmental Stress. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

1 SCORE: 0.469 RANK: 44/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

4.22Livestock density

0.51Barren land (per 10k hectares)

-1.01%

Forest cover change



Vulnerable Health Status

1 SCORE: 0.358 RANK: 67/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

5.9%Malnutrition among children (0 to 5 years old)

11.99 Infant mortality rate (per 1k live births) Maternal mortality rate (per 100k live births)

4.9

68.8 Life expectancy

389
y Disability (per 100k persons)

4.9

Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons) HIV mortality rate (per 100k

Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons) 1.2
Other
arthropodborne viral
fevers and viral
hemorrhagic
fever mortality
rate (per 100k
persons)



Clean Water Vulnerability

0

persons)



SCORE: 0.21

RANK: 77/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

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Households with improved safe water source 91.6% Households with sanitary toilet facility



Information Access Vulnerability

0 SCORE: 0.569 RANK: 17/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

95.86% Literacy rate (age 10 and

older)

113.06% Gross primary school enrollment rate 2.10% Internet Access 60.80% Households with radio 53.59% Households with television

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Economic Constraints

0.62

1 SCORE: 0.423

RANK: 41/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

Economic dependency ratio

17.18% Poverty incidence



Gender Inequality

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1.02 Female to male secondary school enrollment Rate

0.74Labor force participation ratio



Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.207

RANK: 81/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.024 RANK: 83/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.05

Population growth rate (2010-2015)

Average annual urban population growth rate

13.49

Informal settlers

0.5%



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 6 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.653

Mountain Province exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Governance and Communications Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity



SCORE: 0.862 RANK: 2/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

4293.04

9.66%

Garbage pickup

Purchasing power of the peso

Labor force participation rate

100k persons)

Local government annual regular income per capita (Philippine Peso)



Governance

79.4% 8.33 Voter participation Organized violence (per **SCORE: 0.476**

RANK: 72/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

Environmental Capacity

0 Protected areas Forest reserves

(per 1k ha)

76.1%

1 SCORE: 0.472 **RANK: 30/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

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Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.68 RANK: 13/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED



Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.873 RANK: 1/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

22.25 9.06 73.18% 0.95

Hopital beds Physicians per Vaccination Average distance to nearest (per 10k people) 10,000 people coverage hospital (km)

Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.558 RANK: 31/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.55 6.69

Road density Average distance to nearest port (km)

Communications Capacity

SCORE: 0.556 RANK: 58/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

97% 0.5%

Households with a landline Mobile coverage

Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.811 RANK: 18/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

82.9% 49.8%

Households with gas Households with electricity

Emergency Services Capacity

SCORE: 0.919 RANK: 4/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

6.43 7.07 54.99

Evacuation centers Fire Stations Fire Trucks (per 100k persons) (per 100k persons) (per 100k persons)



RESILIENCE (R)

Drought

RANK: 5 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.665

Mountain Province's score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with Very High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Information Access Vulnerability



Environmental Stress



Governance



Communications Capacity



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

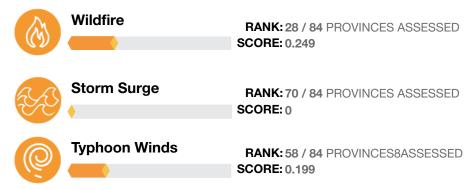
Earthquake	RANK: 69 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.190
Tsunami	RANK: 54 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0
Flood	RANK: 74 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
Liquefaction	RANK: 78 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.037
Landslide	RANK: 33 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.252
Volcano	RANK: 68 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0

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SCORE: 0.124

RANK: 51 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)



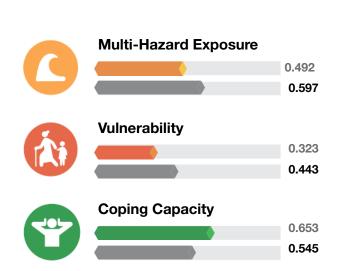


MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

77 / 84
RANK WITHIN PROVINCES

Mountain Province's score and ranking are due to Medium Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and Very High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:





Score: 0.387

MOUNTAIN PROVINCE RECOMMENDATIONS

1

Information Access Vulnerability

- In Mountain Province, many homes lack access to radios, television and internet. Work with
 private and public partners to ensure communities are able to receive critical information and
 communicate their needs during a disaster.
- Continue to promote education and basic literacy. With the COVID-19 pandemic impacting school capacities, work in rural and remote areas must consider resource needs.

2

Environmental Stress

- Forest cover change has also been on a downward trend between 2000 and 2010 (-1.01%).
 Focus efforts on increasing forest cover, decreasing areas classified as bar en land and reduced livestock density.
- The population in Mountain Province is highly exposed to flooding and d ought hazards. With
 climate change, floods and d oughts are projected to become more severe and frequent. Work
 with local communities and diverse partners to promote water and soil conservation through
 enhanced agricultural practices and reforestation efforts.

3

Governance

- Continue to work with local and international partners to achieve good governance related goals in Mountain Province. Keep up efforts to expand voter participation, increase government services and maintain peace and security.
- Work with private and public organizations to expand information access in Mountain Province.
 Government transparency and accountability have been major parts of the good governance agenda. Expanding access to the internet and other forms of media will ensure proper public oversight, increasing trust in the local government.

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Communications Capacity

- In Mountain Province less than 1% of households report having access to landlines, while nearly 97% of barangays in Mountain Province have cell signal. Focus efforts on investing in landlines and alternative communication networks, such as public radio towers. The population of Mountain Province is highly exposed to typhoons, earthquakes and landslides. Invest in communications infrastructure that is reinforced to withstand hazards and adds redundancy to the communication network.
- Findings show that the population in Mountain Province are also vulnerable due to limitations in access to information. Improvements to communications infrastructure should be paralleled by increased households' access to telecommunication devices. Expand private and public partnerships in the meantime to plan emergency communications.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

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