

ARGENTINA MENDOZA

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



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ARGENTINA MENDOZA

CAPITAL: MENDOZA

Area: 148,737 km²

Mendoza Province is located in the Cuyo region of Argentina. This Province is divided into 18 Provinces, the Capital being Mendoza. The Province borders Chile and the Provinces of San Juan, San Luis, La Pampa, Río Negro and Neuquén. The main economic sources are agriculture, wine, tourism and mining (lime and uranium).



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - High Score: 0.550 · Rank: 9/24

MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Moderate



RESILIENCE (R) - Low Score: 0.435 • Rank: 16/24

Score: 0.519 · Rank: 10/24

Score: 0.525 · Rank: 13/24



Population in Poverty **30.7%**

Population (2018)

1,949,293



Illiterate population 2.2%



Access to improved water 90.5%



Average life expectancy





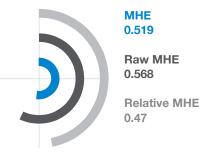
COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very Low Score: 0.395 • Rank: 20/24

VULNERABILITY (V) - Moderate

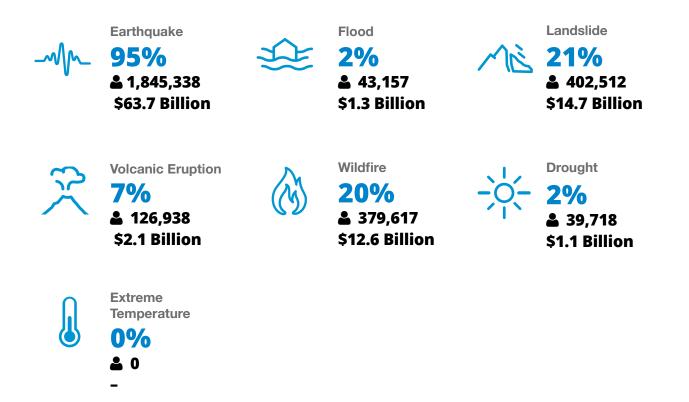
*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO

MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 10 / 24 PROVINCES SCORE: 0.519



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:





VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 13 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.525

Vulnerability in Mendoza is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Economic Constraints. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

10.9% I and degredation

2814

I and affected by wildfire (per 100k ha)



Vulnerable Health Status

		SCOR	E: 0.287	RANK: 18/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED		
76.3	8	3.9	13.3%	13.6	8.1	
Life expectancy (years)	Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	Maternal mortality ratio	Disability	HIV incidence	Tuberculosis incidence	



Clean Water Vulnerability

%	36.9%
seholds	Households
out piped	without sewage

SCORE: 0.385 RANK: 14/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.844 RANK: 1/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

9.5 Hous withd services water

Information Access Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.523 RANK: 13/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.727 RANK: 4/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.2% Illiteracy Rate (Age 10+)

80.0% 89.0% Secondary School enrollment education completion rate

2.47 Education investment per capita (million pesos)



Economic Constraints

57.9 Economic dependency ratio

30.7% 6.9% Unemployment Poverty rate

rate

Gender Inequality

SCORE: 0.403 RANK: 20/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.509 RANK: 13/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.08 Female to male unemployment

50.2 Female judiciary seats

Population Pressures

1.2% Average Annual population change

PDC Global

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 20 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.395

Mendoza exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Transportation Capacity and Communications Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.

Ċs	Economic Cap	acity	SCORE: 0.418	DANK: 12/2	4 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	694.8 Exports per capita (USD)	3.9% Work insurance coverage	15.4 Tax distribution	TANK: 13/2	4 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	Governance							
	18.9	81.1%	SCORE: 0.517	RANK: 11/2	4 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	Crime prevalence	Voter participation						
	Environmental	Capacity						
	12.2% Protected area	13.6% Forest cover	SCORE: 0,250	RANK: 17/2	4 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	Infrastructure	Capacity						
(C ⁿ)			SCORE: 0.414	RANK: 14/2	4 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.466 RANK: 14/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED							
	27.7	35.9	63.0%		20.1			
	Hopital beds per 10,000 people	Physicians per 10,000 people	Health insu coverage		Average distance to nearest hospital (km2)			
	Transp	ortation Capa	acity SCORE: ().177 RANK	2: 23/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	0.13	31		78.8%				
	Road density (km per sq	. km) Average di	istance to port (km) F	Proportion of roads	Improved			
	Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.215 RANK: 18/24 PROVINCES ASSESSED							
	36.0%	7.1%	6					
	Households with Interne	t Televisi 100 pe	ion subscriptions per ople					
	Energy	Capacity so	ORE: 0.8 RA	. NK: 6/24 PRC	DVINCES ASSESSED			
	98.7% Households with electric	66.3 ity House	% holds with gas					
	Disaster Mana	gement Capa						
	55	0.6	SCORE: 0.293		24 PROVINCES ASSESSED			
	Distance to fire station (km)	U.O Shelters per 100k persons	40.4 Radiob	ase				

National Disaster Preparedness Baseline Assessment: Argentina



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 16 / 24 PROVINCES SCORE: 0.435

Mendoza's score and ranking are due to Moderate Vulnerability combined with Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:









Environmental Stress

Economic Constraints

Transportation Capacity

Communications Capacity



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK: 2 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.551
Wildfire	RANK: 14 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.287
Volcano	RANK: 1 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.500
Flood	RANK: 17 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.125
Landslide	RANK: 6 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.273
Drought	RANK: 16 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.169
Extreme Temperature	RANK: 14 / 24 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0

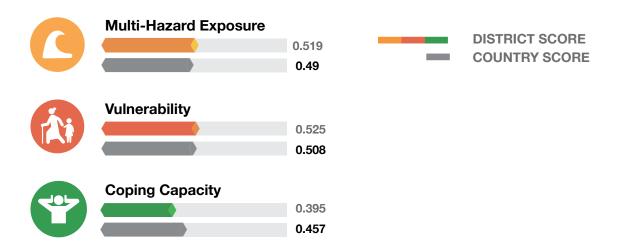


MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

9/24 RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.550

Mendoza's score and ranking are due to Moderate Multi-hazard exposure combined with Moderate Vulnerability and Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



MENDOZA RECOMMENDATIONS



Environmental Stress

Focus on protecting environmental resources from degradation, and deforestation. These environmental stresses increase the likelihood of hazard events and have wider implications for negative impacts on health and livelihoods, decreasing resilience. Focus mitigation efforts to prevent, respond to, and reduce the impact of wildfires.



Economic Constraints

Findings show that Mendoza Province has 2nd highest economic dependency ratio (ratio of non-working age population to working age population). combined with a the 6th highest unemployment. Consider long-term economic plans that both promote social benefits for elderly, low income, and single-parent households, and allocate the revenue required to balance the costs of these benefits. Support new business opportunities to diversify livelihoods, create employment opportunities, and generate prospects for equitable distribution of property and economic assets in the Province.

MENDOZA RECOMMENDATIONS

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Transportation Capacity

Findings show that Mendoza Province ranks 23rd in Overall Transportation Capacity. Seventy-nine percent of roads are paved, and the Province exhibits the 4th highest average distance to the nearest airport. Invest in transportation infrastructure to facilitate the distribution of resources and services before, during, and after a disaster.



Communications Capacity

Mendoza ranks 18th in overall Communication Capacity. Just 36% of households have access to the internet, and there are just 7 television subscriptions per 100 people. Pursue publicprivate partnerships to increase availability and affordability of internet and television communications. While investing to diversify access to communication technology, officials should broadcast critical information and disaster warnings primarily via alternate media (such as radio) to keep the population informed and ensure that appropriate actions are taken. Mendoza Province is exposed to earthquakes, landslides, wildfire, volcano, drought, and flood hazards.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.



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