

THE PHILIPPINES – KALINGA

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



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THE PHILIPPINES

CAPITAL: CITY OF TABUK

Area: 3,282 km²

Kalinga is a landlocked province in the Philippines situated within the Cordillera Administrative Region in Luzon. Kalinga borders Mountain Province to the south, Abra to the west, Isabela to the east, Cagayan to the northeast, and Apayao to the north. Kalinga and Apayao are the result of the 1995 partitioning of the former province of Kalinga-Apayao which was seen to better service the respective needs of the various indigenous peoples in the area. The topography of the region is rugged and sloped. The economy is largely agricultural with the main products being rice, corn, coffee, and bananas.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE





COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Low Score: 0.516 • Rank: 64/84

*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



Population (2018) 236,690



Population in Poverty 9.3%



Literate population 96.5%



Access to improved water **98.5%**

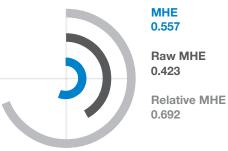


Average life expectancy

67.6 years

MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 56 / 84 PROVINCES SCORE: 0.557



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



100% 236,690 \$1.3 Billion

Earthquake



16%

Flood

å 37,787 \$251.3 Million



Landslide

38%

Drought

89,785
\$377.8 Million



24% 55,937 **5**78 Million



Storm Surge



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Tsunami



Typhoon Winds

\$458.9 Million

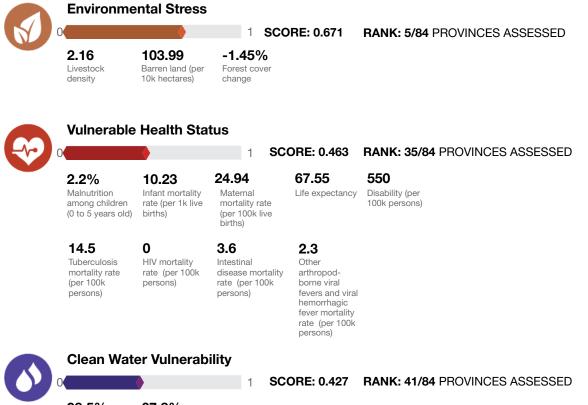
100% 236,690 \$1.3 Billion



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 56 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.401

Vulnerability in Kalinga is primarily driven by Environmental Stress and Information Access Vulnerability. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



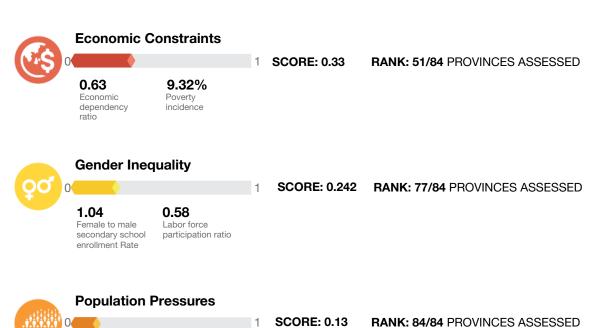
98.5% Households with improved safe water source

67.8% with Households with fe sanitary toilet a facility



Information Access Vulnerability

1 **SCORE: 0.54** RANK: 27/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED 1.50% 96.49% 64.16% 115.84% 53.38% Literacy rate Gross primary Internet Access Households Households (age 10 and school with radio with television older) enrollment rate



1.02 Population growth rate (2010-2015) **-1.33** Average annual urban population growth rate **0.6%** Informal settlers

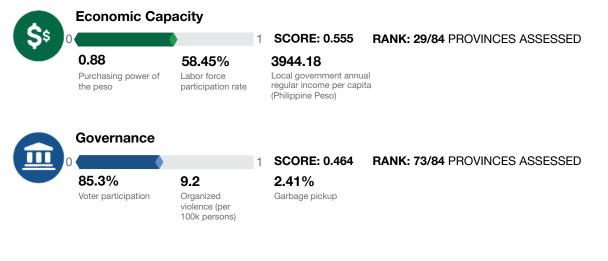
PROVINCIAL PROFILE



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 64 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.516

Kalinga exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Transportation Capacity and Communications Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.

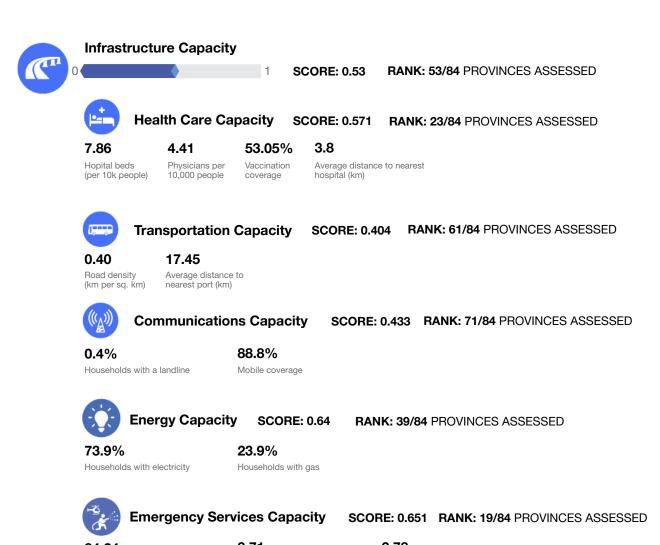




Environmental Capacity

1.18 Protected areas (per 1k ha)

60.1% Forest reserves 1 SCORE: 0.509 RANK: 22/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED



84.24 Evacuation centers (per 100k persons) **3.71** Fire Stations (per 100k persons) **2.78** Fire Trucks (per 100k persons)



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 48 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.557

Kalinga's score and ranking are due to Low Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Stress





Information Access

Vulnerability



Transportation Capacity



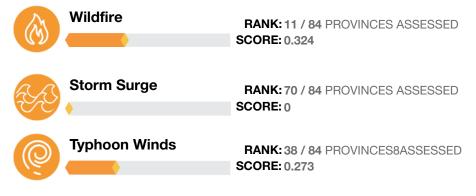
Communications Capacity

A

HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK: 45 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.259
Tsunami	RANK: 54 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED
Flood	RANK: 65 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.069
Liquefaction	RANK: 57 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.135
Landslide	RANK: 19 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.277
Volcano	RANK: 63 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.048
Drought	RANK: 36 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.232

(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)

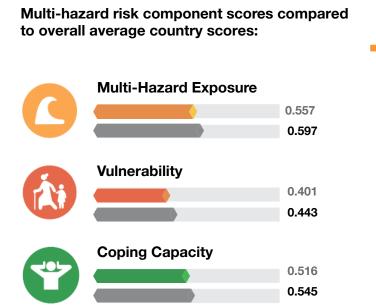




MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

56 / 84 RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.481

Kalinga's score and ranking are due to Low Multi-hazard exposure combined with Low Vulnerability and Low Coping Capacity scores.





KALINGA RECOMMENDATIONS

1

Environmental Stress

- In Kalinga, environmental stress is a major driver of vulnerability. Kalinga ranks 5th highest for environmental stress in the Philippines. Focus efforts on increasing forest cover, decreasing areas classified as bar en land and promoting sustainable agriculture.
- The population of Kalinga are exposed to drought, flood and landslide haza ds. Continue reforestation efforts that are focused on sloped terranes and critical watersheds. Work with local farmers and diverse partners to enhance soil and water conservation throughout society.



Information Access Vulnerability

- In Kalinga, many homes lack access to radios, television and internet. Expand efforts to increase
 household access to communication devices and educational opportunities. Investments in
 communication infrastructure should parallel efforts at the household level, as results show that
 Kalinga has low communications capacity.
- Ensure emergency management plans consider the limitations in access and availability of communications infrastructure. Work with private and public partners to ensure communities are able to receive critical information and communicate their needs during a disaster



Transportation Capacity

- Road density in Kalinga is 0.4 kilometers per square, the 7th highest in the Philippines. Since Kalinga is a landlocked province, focus efforts on increasing road density .
- Continue airport and road enhancement projects through private-public partnerships. Advocate for transportation network projects through the Department of Public Works to increase evacuation and resource distribution routes, increase access to markets and enhance social connectivity.
- Ensure that emergency evacuation routes and plans include all transportation projects. Work with partners including HOTOSM and others to ensure mapping of new routes and resources are readily available in the event of a disaster.



Communications Capacity

- Similar to other provinces, in Kalinga less than 1% of households have access to landlines. The population of Kalinga is highly exposed to multiple hazards, including earthquakes and typhoon winds. Invest in diverse communications infrastructure that is reinforced to withstand hazards and adds redundancy to the communication network.
- Findings show that the population in Kalinga are also vulnerable due to limitations in access to information. Improvements to communications infrastructure should be paralleled by increased households' access to telecommunication devices. Expand private and public partnerships in the meantime to plan emergency communications.



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