

DJIBOUTI ARTA

NDPBA REGIONAL PROFILE



DJIBOUTI ARTA



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Low

Score: 0.423 • Rank: 5/6



Population (2015 Statistics)

42,380



RESILIENCE (R) - High

Score: 0.530 • Rank: 3/6



Chronic Food Insecurity (Population at Moderate or Higher)

33.4%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -

High

Score: 0.330 • Rank: 3/6



Youth Unemployment

75.1%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Moderate

Score:0.433 • Rank: 4/6



Households without Access to Improved Water

60.0%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High

Score: 0.492 • Rank: 3/6



Adult Literacy Rate

30.0%

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MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 3/6 REGIONS

SCORE: 0.330



MHE 0.330

Raw MHE 0.016

Relative MHE 0.644

ESTIMATED EXPOSURE TO EACH HAZARD:



Drought

1%

\$ 550

-

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

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Landslide

31%

4 13,192

\$121 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

0%



Earthquake

100%

42.668

\$217 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

100%



Sea Level Rise

<1%

128

0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

17%



Flash Flood

61%

26,122

\$56.2 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

50%



Volcano

9%

3,647

\$48.8 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

23%



Wildfire

56.8%

24,267

\$57.4 Million

Critical Infrastructure Exposed:

33%



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.433

Vulnerability in Arta is primarily driven by Standard of Living and Information Access Vulnerability. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.

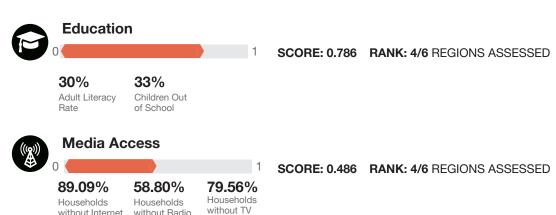


Information Access Vulnerability

without Radio

Access

SCORE: 0.651 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED





Standard of Living

without Internet

1 SCORE: 0.699 **RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

Access

77.7% Electricity Access





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RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.433



Vulnerable Health Status

1 SCORE: 0.560 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 4.55% 5.47%

Malnutrition Population Incidence Reporting Malaria



Inequality

1 SCORE: 0.411 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.30

Gini Coefficient



1 SCORE: 0.822 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

0.79 26.5%

Female to Male Secondary Access to Microfinance



Food Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.528 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Food Insecurity

SCORE: 0.283 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

10.23% Food Insecure Households 77.4% Rural Households Receiving Food Aid 33.44% Chronic Food Insecurity



Food Supply Vulnerability

0

SCORE: 0.773 RANK: 1/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

30% 85%
Households
Experiencing Impacted by

Experiencing Impacted by Drought Shock Rising Prices



RANK: 4 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.433



Population Pressures

5.93% 75.1%

SCORE: 0.187 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.93%Average Annual Population
Growth

Youth Unemployment



Populations of Concern

SCORE: 0.004

RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Migrants and Refugees

0 ♦ 1 SCORE: 0.000 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED 41.94% – –

Nomadic Refugee Stranded or Special Populations Migrants



Other Populations of Concern

1 SCORE: 0.009 RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

4.54% 7.8% Elderly Population



Recent Disaster Impacts

1 SCORE: 0.454 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

5.01% 8.92% Flood Impacts Locust Impacts



Environmental Stress

1

1 SCORE: 0.400 RANK: 5/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

34.84 Air Quality (ug/ **74.29%** Groundwater

Stress

12.6% Income from Sale of Charcoal or Firewood 29.91% Land Degradation

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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.492

Arta exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Food System Capacity and Environmental Capacity. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

SCORE: 0.644 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

46% Labor Force Participation Ratio

6.98% **CNSS Insured**

49.4% Public Sector Employment

Microfinance Credit



Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.464 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED



Transportation Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.480 **RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED**

9.46 Distance to Port (km)

14.90% Time to Public Transport (within 30

mins)

0.28 Road and Rail Density (km per sq. km)



Health Care Capacity

SCORE: 0.449 RANK: 4/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

Health Care Infrastructure

5.7

SCORE: 0.291

RANK: 6/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

91%

Attended Births

Hospital Beds per 10,000 Persons

8.0 Nurse and Midwives per 10,000 Persons

0.94 Physicians per 10.000 Persons

Health Care Access

SCORE: 0.606 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

88.48%

BCG Immunization Coverage

9.22% Contraceptive Prevalence

75.22% Time to Health Care (under 30 Minutes)



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.492



Food System Capacity

0

SCORE: 0.370 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

84.38% Time to Food Market (under

30 Minutes)

11.8% Cultivated Land Area 230.57 Average Water Production Surplus (thousands m3)



Governance



SCORE: 0.578 RANK: 2/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

49.4%Garbage
Collection

72.34% Time to Police (under 30

67.10%Voter
Participation



Environmental Capacity

Minutes)



SCORE: 0.405 RANK: 3/6 REGIONS ASSESSED

199.5 Bird Species

Bird Species Richness (species per sq. km) 1.58% Important Biodiversity Areas



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 3 / 6 REGIONS ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.530

Arta's score and ranking are due to Moderate Vulnerability combined with High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:



Standard of Living



Information Access Vulnerability



Food System Capacity



Environmental Capacity

KEY FACTORS INFLUENCING RESILIENCE



Standard of Living

Unsound or poorly constructed homes are more susceptible to disaster impacts, as are households lacking basic amenities. Households without easy or adequate access to water distribution and containment systems face significant demands on daily routines that effectively limit their response and recovery capacity and the ability to maintain livelihoods. Increasing access to improved water and sanitation improves health outcomes and frees up resources to decrease further susceptibility to impacts. Expansion of electrical access into remote and underserved communities will increase accessibility to alert and warning information.



Information Access Vulnerability

Limitations in information access can impede a population's ability to receive, understand, and take action. Emergency messages must take into account the unique information access constraints of the region. Emergency messages presented to the population must contain clear and simple information to ensure an appropriate response to save lives and reduce losses.



Food System Capacity

The changing frequency and intensity of disasters can expose the entire food system to supply chain disruptions. Build more resilient and climate-friendly local agricultural systems through training of farmers in sustainable practices (e.g., soil improvement, erosion reduction) and improve efficiencies in food marketing, storage, delivery, and waste management to improve the nutrition and food security of present and future generations.

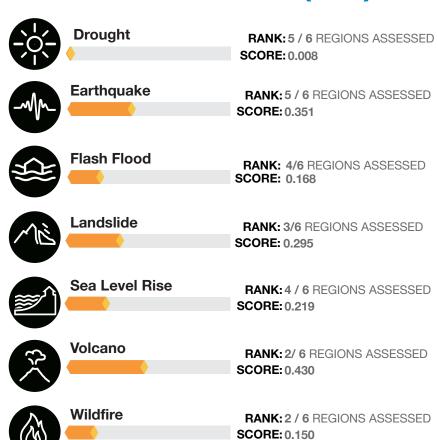


Environmental Capacity

Properly managed environments sustain populations by providing food, water, and even economic benefits from industries such as tourism. Increasing protected areas can also serve as additional buffers between the population and impacted areas.



HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)



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MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

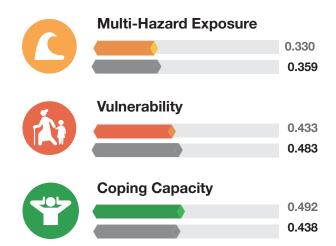
5/6
RANK WITHIN REGIONS

Score: 0.423

Arta's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Moderate Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:







Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

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