

THE PHILIPPINES

CITY OF ISABELA

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



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CITY OF ISABELA

CAPITAL:

Area: 224 km²

The City of Isabela is located on the northern tip of Basilan off the coast of the Zamboanga Peninsula. The city is considered a melting pot of ethnic and religious groups. Independent from the province of Basilan for which it is located within, Isabela City is a center of many industries. The location and enhanced sea transportation have economically benefited the city th ough access to markets and increased imports. The City of Isabela produces agricultural and fishery products that are easily exported through trade with nearby Zamboanga City. Laying outside the typhoon belt, Isabela City is primarily exposed to seismic hazards.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Very Low

Score: 0.388 • Rank: 79/84



Population (2018)

100,965



RESILIENCE (R) - Very Low

Score: 0.46 • Rank: 74/84



Population in Poverty

40.6%



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very Low

Score: 0.084 • Rank: 83/84



Literate population

93.9%



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very High

Score: 0.535 • Rank: 11/84



Access to improved water

92.9%



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Very Low

Score: 0.454 • Rank: 72/84



Average life expectancy

64.8 years

302

^{*}For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 83 / 84 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.084



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

78%

4 79,239

\$430 Million



Flood

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Landslide

<1%

334

\$11.5 Million



Drought

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Storm Surge

13%

13,243

\$260.4 Million



Tsunami

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Liquefacton

5%

\$ 5,167

\$64.5 Million



Volcano

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Wildfire

s)

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Typhoon Winds

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VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 11 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.535

Vulnerability in City of Isabela is primarily driven by Population Pressures and Economic Constraints. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

0 RANK: 84/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.44

Livestock Barren land (per Forest cover density 10k hectares) Forest cover change



Vulnerable Health Status

1 SCORE: 0.582 RANK: 11/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

232.02 64.76 250 7.89 Malnutrition Infant mortality Maternal Life expectancy Disability (per among children rate (per 1k live mortality rate 100k persons) (0 to 5 years old) births) (per 100k live births) 13.7 0 3.4 3.4 Tuberculosis HIV mortality Intestinal Other

Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons)

HIV mortality rate (per 100k persons) Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons) Other arthropodborne viral fevers and viral hemorrhagic fever mortality rate (per 100k persons)



Clean Water Vulnerability



SCORE: 0.585 RANK: 16/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

92.9% 63.7% Households with improved safe water source facility



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Information Access Vulnerability

0 SCORE: 0.484 RANK: 38/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

93.87% Literacy rate (age 10 and

older)

122.29% Gross primary school 2.40% Internet Access **59.03%** Households with radio

72.80%Households
with television

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Economic Constraints

1 SCORE: 0.719 **RANK: 8/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED**

0.62 Economic dependency ratio

40.63% Poverty incidence



Gender Inequality

SCORE: 0.583 RANK: 14/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.12 Female to male secondary school enrollment Rate 0.43 Labor force participation ratio



Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.791 RANK: 2/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.74

14.63

4.3%

Population growth rate (2010-2015) Average annual urban population growth rate

Informal settlers



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 72 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.454

City of Isabela exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Emergency Services Capacity and Transportation Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

- 55.62%

Labor force

participation rate

1 SCORE: 0.537 RANK: 33/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

4010.53

Local government annual regular income per capita (Philippine Peso)



Governance

Purchasing power of

the peso

80.8% 23.77
Voter participation Organized violence (per

SCORE: 0.429

34.52%

Garbage pickup

RANK: 77/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

Environmental Capacity

0**♦** 1 **SCORE:** –

RANK: /84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

Protected areas (per 1k ha)

Forest reserves

100k persons)

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Infrastructure Capacity

SCORE: 0.396 RANK: 77/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED



Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.408 RANK: 63/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.92 2.69 71.42% 8.34

Hopital beds Physicians per Vaccination Average distance to nearest (per 10k people) 10,000 people coverage hospital (km)

Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.184 RANK: 82/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.96 53.97

Road density Average distance to (km per sq. km) nearest port (km)

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Communications Capacity SCORE: 0.457 RANK: 70/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

2.5% 75.6%

Households with a landline Mobile coverage

Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.572 RANK: 51/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

82.8% 7.9%

Households with electricity Households with gas

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Emergency Services Capacity SCORE: 0.052 RANK: 83/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.84 0.84

Evacuation centers Fire Stations Fire Trucks (per 100k persons) (per 100k persons) (per 100k persons)



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 74 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.46

City of Isabela's score and ranking are due to Very High Vulnerability combined with Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:





Pressures



Constraints







Transportation Capacity

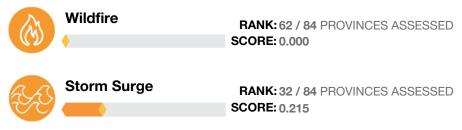


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK:75 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE:0.122
Tsunami	RANK: 54 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0
Flood	RANK: 74 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
Liquefaction •	RANK: 76 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.045
Landslide •	RANK: 81 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.050
Volcano	RANK: 68 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0
Drought	RANK: 58 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000

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(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)





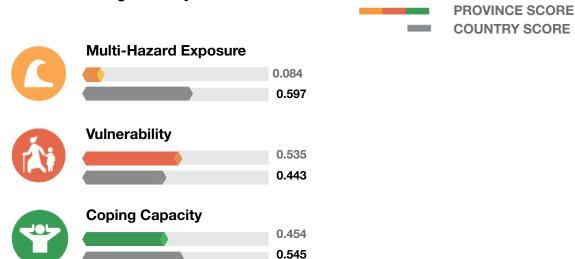


MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

79 / 84
RANK WITHIN PROVINCES
Score: 0.388

City of Isabela's score and ranking are due to Very Low Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very High Vulnerability and Very Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



CITY OF ISABELA RECOMMENDATIONS

Population Pressures

- The City of Isabela is ranked the 2nd highest in the Philippines for population pressures. More than 4% of the population are considered informal settlers, which ranks as the 2nd highest in the country. Continue to monitor the growth of the population and adjust the allocation of resources to match the changing population dynamics.
- Enforce building codes and environmental protection laws to ensure expansion is sustainable.
- Work with diverse partners to help stimulate the economy to support increased demands for the growing population. Ensure equitable distribution of resources and services for rural and urban areas.

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Economic Constraints

- The city is ranked 5th highest in poverty rate, which represents 40% of the population. Focus efforts on stimulating the economy to promote the creation of gainful work. Expand public assistance where possible to increase the availability of resources and options for low income individuals.
- Invest in small and local businesses, especially in rural and remote areas. Promote the growth of industries that create gainful work, to prevent outmigration of the working age population.

3

Emergency Services Capacity

- The City of Isabela is ranked 83rd out of the 84 territories for emergency services capacity. There are no local government run evacuation shelters and 0.84 fi e stations per 100,000 persons. Continue work with partners such as the Philippines Red Cross to expand and enhance emergency service capacity. Focus efforts on establishing evacuation centers, as well as increasing the number of fi e stations and fi e trucks to serve the population and increase emergency service capacity.
- Continue to support evidence-based preparedness and response coordination, including the
 provision of emergency equipment and supplies. Additionally, increase efforts to have a central
 database that makes sub-national data on disaster management capabilities and resources
 more accessible. Increasing transparency through sharing data will ensure efficient and e fective
 coordination at all levels of government, as well as with partners.

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Transportation Capacity

- The City of Isabela is ranked 82nd out of 84 territories for transportation capacity. The average distance between ports and populated places is 53.97 kilometers, the second highest in the country. Continue seaport, airport and road enhancement projects through private-public partnerships. Advocate for transportation network projects through the Department of Public Works to increase evacuation and resource distribution routes, increase access to markets and enhance social connectivity.
- Civil planners should work with risk assessors to establish resilient transportation network plans. Incorporating environmental mitigation plans, equitable access for the population and hazard exposures.
- Ensure that emergency evacuation routes and plans include all transportation projects.
 Work with partners including HOTOSM and others to ensure mapping of new routes and resources are readily available in the event of a disaster.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

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