

THE PHILIPPINES

CAVITE

NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



THE PHILIPPINES

CAVITE

CAPITAL: CITY OF TRECE MARTIRES

Area: 1,526 km²

Cavite is a province in the Philippines located in the Calabarzon region in Luzon. Located on the southern shores of Manila Bay and southwest of Metro Manila, it is one of the most industrialized and fastest-growing provinces in the Philippines. It is surrounded by Laguna province to the east, Metro Manila to the northeast, and Batangas province to the south. To the west lies the West Philippine Sea and located within the greater Manila area. The economy is largely based on agriculture and tourism. Cavite is highly exposed to earthquakes and typhoons. In 2019, the province was impacted by Typhoon Kammuri, which resulted in a state of calamity declaration for Cavite.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY

COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - High

Score: 0.519 • Rank: 29/84



RESILIENCE (R) - Very High

Score: 0.615 • Rank: 15/84



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - Very High

Score: 0.789 • Rank: 12/84



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low

Score: 0.307 • Rank: 81/84



278

COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Low

Score: 0.537 • Rank: 56/84

*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



Population (2018)

3,589,915



Population in Poverty

3.7%



Literate population

99.7%



Access to improved water

96.8%



Average life expectancy

70.7 years

PDC Global



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

RANK: 12 / 84 PROVINCES

SCORE: 0.789



MHE 0.789

Raw MHE 0.852

Relative MHE

ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

96%

♣ 3,448,145 \$10.3 Billion



Flood

44%

1,583,688 \$6.3 Billion



Landslide

2%

4 79,389

\$101.1 Million



Drought

å .

_



Storm Surge

17%

♣ 618,628 \$1.7 Billion



Tsunami

1%

♣ 51,671 \$32.2 Million



Liquefacton

32%

1,160,444 \$4.7 Billion



Volcano

<1%

25,798 \$57.8 Million



Wildfire

56%

2,004,635 \$6.8 Billion



Typhoon Winds

100%

♣ 3,588,574 \$10.5 Billion



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 81 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.307

Vulnerability in Cavite is primarily driven by Population Pressures and Environmental Stress. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Environmental Stress

SCORE: 0.473 RANK: 41/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

7.53 12.08 Livestock density

6.85% Barren land (per Forest cover 10k hectares) change



Vulnerable Health Status

SCORE: 0.288 RANK: 76/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

6.9% Malnutrition among children (0 to 5 years old) 6.09 Infant mortality rate (per 1k live births)

70.69 24.67 Maternal mortality rate (per 100k live

Life expectancy

Disability (per 100k persons)

51

21.1

Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons)

0.4 HIV mortality rate (per 100k persons)

5.3 Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons)

births)

1.1 Other arthropodborne viral fevers and viral hemorrhagic fever mortality rate (per 100k persons)



Clean Water Vulnerability



SCORE: 0.26

RANK: 69/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

96.8% Households with improved safe water source

92.3% Households with sanitary toilet facility



280

Information Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.182

RANK: 84/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

www.pdc.org

99.66% Literacy rate (age 10 and

older)

101.22% Gross primary school enrollment rate 16.71% Internet Access 74.86% Households with radio

92.44% Households with television

PDC Global



Economic Constraints

0

1 SCORE: 0.075

RANK: 82/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

0.49Economic dependency ratio

3.71% Poverty incidence



Gender Inequality

0

SCORE: 0.2

SCORE: 0.261 RANK: 75/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.07 Female to male secondary school enrollment Rate **0.61**Labor force participation ratio



Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.609

RANK: 5/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

3.37Population growth rate (2010-2015)

6.3

Average annual urban population growth rate

Informal settlers

2.1%



COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 56 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.537

Cavite exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Emergency Services Capacity and Economic Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



Economic Capacity

0.9 64.33%

Labor force

participation rate

1 SCORE: 0.471 RANK: 55/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

809.91

Local government annual regular income per capita (Philippine Peso)

Governance

Purchasing power of

the peso

75.4% 5.07
Voter participation Organized violence (per

SCORE: 0.624 RANK: 47/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

82.36%

Garbage pickup

1 SCORE: 0



Environmental Capacity

0 0.0%

Protected areas (per 1k ha)

Forest reserves

100k persons)

RANK: 77/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

282 PDC Global



Infrastructure Capacity

1 SCORE: 0.696 RANK: 9/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED



Health Care Capacity SCORE: 0.542 RANK: 33/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

7.62 2.12 60.69% 1.98

Hopital beds Physicians per Vaccination Average distance to nearest (per 10k people) 10,000 people coverage hospital (km)

Transportation Capacity SCORE: 0.792 RANK: 4/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.944 RANK: 2/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.227 RANK: 75/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

RANK: 3/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

7.12 24.18

Road density Average distance to (km per sq. km) nearest port (km)

(2)) Communications Capacity

14.9% 99.9%
Households with a landline Mobile coverage

96.0% 73.7%

Energy Capacity

Households with electricity Households with gas

Emergency Services Capacity

12.37 0.69 1.59

Evacuation centers Fire Stations Fire Trucks (per 100k persons) (per 100k persons) (per 100k persons)

SCORE: 0.974



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 15 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

SCORE: 0.615

Cavite's score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:







Environmental Stress



Emergency Services Capacity



Economic Capacity

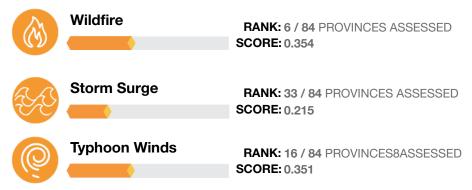


HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK: 16 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.344
Tsunami	RANK: 17 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.143
Flood	RANK: 24 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.245
Liquefaction	RANK: 35 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.21
Landslide	RANK: 76 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.102
Volcano	RANK: 27 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.137
Drought	RANK: 58 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000

284 PDC Global www.pdc.org

(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)





MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

29 / 84
RANK WITHIN PROVINCES
Score: 0.519

Cavite's score and ranking are due to Very High Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:



CAVITE RECOMMENDATIONS



Population Pressures

- Cavite is ranked the 5th highest in the Philippines for population pressures. Between 2010 and 2015 the population growth rate was 3.37, which makes Cavite the second fastest growing province in the Philippines. Continue to monitor the growth of the population and adjust the allocation of resources to match the changing population dynamics. Enforce building codes and environmental protection laws to ensure expansion is sustainable.
- Work with diverse partners to help stimulate the economy to support increased public demands as the population grows. Ensure equitable distribution of resources and services for rural and urban areas.



Environmental Stress

- Cavite is ranked 5th highest the Philippines for livestock density. Work with farmers and provide them with the necessary tools and knowledge to be able to rear livestock sustainably.
- Population pressures are another major driver of vulnerability in Cavite. Promoting sustainable
 agriculture and protection of natural areas will ensure resources can keep up with increased
 demands as the population grows.



Emergency Services Capacity

- Continue work with partners such as the Philippines Red Cross to expand and enhance emergency service capacity. Increase the number of evacuation centers, fi e stations and fi e trucks to serve the population and increase emergency service capacity.
- Continue to support evidence-based preparedness and response coordination, including the
 provision of emergency equipment and supplies. Additionally, increase efforts to have a central
 database that makes sub-national data on disaster management capabilities and resources
 more accessible. Increasing transparency through sharing data will ensure efficient and e fective
 coordination at all levels of government, as well as with partners.

286 PDC Global www.pdc.org



Economic Capacity

- Cavite's annual regular income per capita is 809.9 pesos, which is the 5th lowest in the Philippines. Continue to encourage programs that diversify the economy in Cavite to generate public revenue and create new job opportunities. Pursue policies that balance inflation rates and c eate equal opportunities for employment.
- As the population grows, there will be increases in the demands for emergency services and public programs. Work with stakeholders and partners to expand emergency service capacities by training community members and generating funds to support response activities.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer World.

1305 N Holopono Street Suite 2, Kihei, HI 9675 3 P: (808) 891-0525 F: (808) 891-0526



@PDC_Global







ndpba@pdc.org