

THE PHILIPPINES



NDPBA PROVINCE PROFILE



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THE PHILIPPINES CAPIZ

CAPITAL: CITY OF ROXAS

Area: 2,595 km²

Capiz is a province in the Philippines located in the central section of Western Visayas region. It is located at the northeastern portion of Panay Island, bordering Aklan to the north, Antique to the west, and Iloilo to the south. The Sibuyan Sea is to the north. The province is known as the "Seafood Capital of the Philippines". Capiz is one of five p ovinces that occupy the western Visayas region. The province is also highly exposed to earthquake and typhoon hazards. The province is also vulnerable to infectious diseases and in mid-2019 a state of calamity was declared in Capiz, among other provinces, due to a Dengue Fever outbreak.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - Low Score: 0.471 • Rank: 64/84

RESILIENCE (R) - Very High Score: 0.633 • Rank: 13/84

> **MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) - High** Score: 0.679 • Rank: 26/84



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low Score: 0.318 • Rank: 77/84



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - High Score: 0.584 • Rank: 26/84

*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



Population (2018) 750,781



Population in Poverty 4.1%



Literate population 98.0%



Access to improved water 97.5%

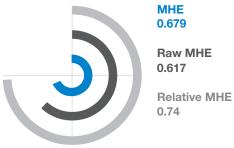


Average life expectancy

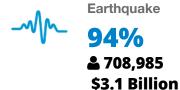
68.6 years



RANK: 26 / 84 PROVINCES SCORE: 0.679



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



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78%

Flood

& 586,502 \$2.6 Billion



Landslide

Drought

11% 82.950

\$417.5 Million



13% 101,296 \$484.6 Million



Storm Surge

20% 151,802 \$686 Million TsunamiImage: SumariaImage: Sumaria</

100% 2 749,976 \$3.3 Billion



VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 77 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.318

Vulnerability in Capiz is primarily driven by Information Access Vulnerability and Vulnerable Health Status. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Vulnerability score.



Tuberculosis mortality rate (per 100k persons)

HIV mortality rate (per 100k persons)

Intestinal disease mortality rate (per 100k persons)

1

Other arthropodborne viral fevers and viral hemorrhagic fever mortality rate (per 100k persons)



Clean Water Vulnerability

SCORE: 0.299 RANK: 62/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

97.5% Households with improved safe water source

88.6% Households with sanitary toilet facility

Information Access Vulnerability

1 SCORE: 0.402

69.87% Households

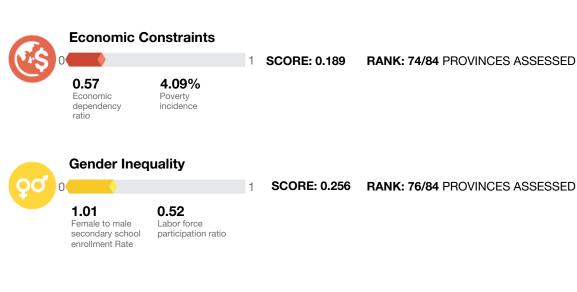
with television

97.97% Literacy rate (age 10 and older)

117.75% 2.99% Gross primary Internet Access school enrollment rate

72.40% Households with radio

RANK: 58/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED





Population Pressures

SCORE: 0.321 RANK: 70/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED

1.08 Population growth rate (2010-2015) **2.42** Average annual urban population growth rate

Informal settlers

1.9%

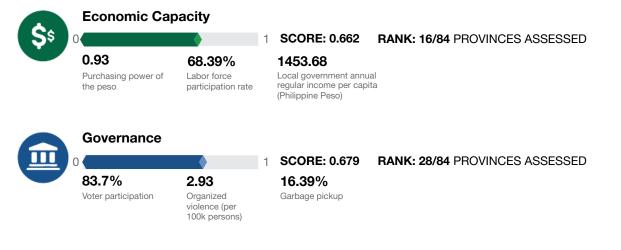
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COPING CAPACITY (CC)

RANK: 26 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.584

Capiz exhibits weaker Coping Capacity in the areas of Health Care Capacity and Emergency Services Capacity. The bar chart indicates the socioeconomic themes contributing to the province's overall Coping Capacity score.



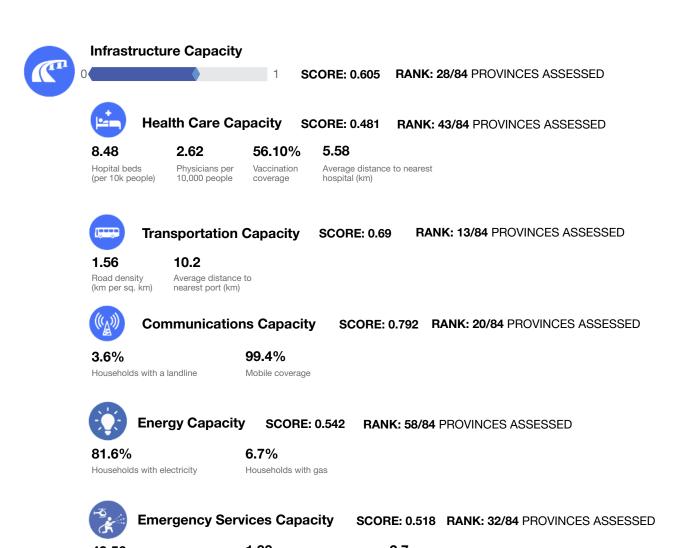


Environmental Capacity

0 Protected areas (per 1k ha)

0.0% Forest reserves 1 SCORE: 0

RANK: 77/84 PROVINCES ASSESSED



49.56 Evacuation centers (per 100k persons) **1.93** Fire Stations (per 100k persons) **2.7** Fire Trucks (per 100k persons)



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 13 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.633

Capiz's score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with High Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:







Care itv



Emergency Services Capacity

Information Access Vulnerability

Vulnerable Health Status

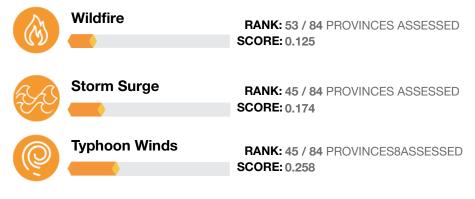




HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK: 59 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.226
Tsunami	RANK: 54 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0
Flood	RANK: 28 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.232
	RANK: 43 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.183
Landslide	RANK: 55 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.188
Volcano	RANK: 65 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.028
Drought	RANK: 45 / 84 PROVINCES ASSESSED SCORE: 0.158

(HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK CONTINUED)

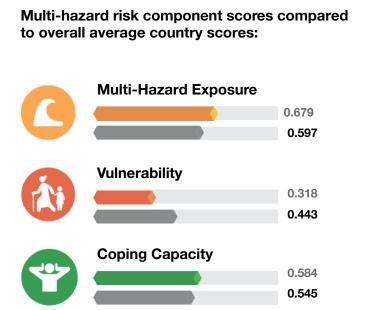




MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

64 / 84 RANK WITHIN PROVINCES Score: 0.471

Capiz's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and High Coping Capacity scores.





CAPIZ RECOMMENDATIONS

Information Access Vulnerability

- In Capiz many homes lack access to radios, television and internet. Public dissemination of
 information must take into consideration alternative means of getting messages across. Expand
 the use of stationary and emergency vehicle sirens, also ensuring the public is informed on what
 alarm systems are communicating and how to act. Work with private and public partners to
 ensure communities are able to receive critical information and communicate their needs during
 a disaster.
- Continue to promote education and basic literacy. With the COVID-19 pandemic impacting school capacities, work in rural and remote areas must consider resource needs.



Vulnerable Health Status

- In Capiz, vulnerable health status is a major driver of vulnerability. Focus efforts on increasing the health of the population through community outreach, increased access to health care and other public health interventions. Continue monitoring for and providing care for those suffering from communicable diseases.
- Investments in health care capacity are also needed in Capiz. Partner with stakeholders and organizations to expand upon existing health care funding and capacities.



Health Care Capacity

- Although for health care capacity Capiz ranks relatively high compared to other territories in the Philippines, health status is a major driver of vulnerability. Work to reduce infectious disease mortality rates through increased treatment and screening resources. Continue to work with local and international partners to invest in new and improved infrastructure, as well as the provision of medical supplies and increased skilled care personnel.
- Expand efforts to remove barriers to health care access, such as cost and distance. Importantly, ensure that all efforts reach rural and remote areas.



Emergency Services Capacity

- Continue work with partners such as the Philippines Red Cross to expand and enhance emergency service capacity. Increase the number of evacuation centers, fi e stations and fi e trucks to serve the population and increase emergency service capacity.
- Continue to support evidence-based preparedness and response coordination, including the provision of emergency equipment and supplies. Additionally, increase efforts to have a central database that makes sub-national data on disaster management capabilities and resources more accessible. Increasing transparency through sharing data will ensure efficient and e fective coordination at all levels of government, as well as with partners.



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