

NDPBA DISTRICTS PROFILE



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BELIZE STANN CREEK

CAPITAL: DANGRIGA

Area: 2,550 km²

The Stann Creek District Is located in the Eastern region of Belize. This District is divided into 30 Cities, Towns and Villages: Dangriga (The Capital), is the main city. The District borders Belize to the north, Cayo to the west, Toledo to the south and the Atlantic Ocean to the east. The main economic sources for the country of Belize continues to be tourism, sugar, banana, citrus, marine products and crude oil.



RISK AND VULNERABILITY COMPONENT SCORE



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR) - High Score: 0.459 • Rank: 3/6



RESILIENCE (R) - Very High Score: 0.528 • Rank: 2/6



MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE) -High

Score: 0.276 • Rank: 3/6



VULNERABILITY (V) - Very Low Score: 0.341 • Rank: 6/6



COPING CAPACITY (CC) - Low

Score: 0.397 • Rank: 5/6

*For more information on data and components please visit: https://bit.ly/2LqVoUO



Population (2010 Census) 34,324



Population in lowest wealth quintile





Population with no secondary school education **62.4%**



Households with unimproved water access





Infant mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)

10.6

MULTI-HAZARD EXPOSURE (MHE)

BANK: 3 / 6 DISTRICTS SCORE: 0.276



ESTIMATED POPULATION AND CAPITAL EXPOSED TO EACH HAZARD:



Earthquake

41.2%

å 16,969 \$409.5 Million **Critical Infrastructure Exposed:** 44.6%



30.4%

Flood

12,533 \$359.6 Million **Critical Infrastructure Exposed:** 28.2%



27.1%

Storm Surge

å 11,175

\$33.9 Million **Critical Infrastructure Exposed:** 22.7%



Wildfire

53.3%

21,954 \$1.2 Billion **Critical Infrastructure Exposed:** 54.6%

Extreme Heat 0.0%

A 0

Critical Infrastructure Exposed: 0.0%



^{INÉ} 5.7%

2,339

\$6.5 Million **Critical Infrastructure Exposed:** 10.9%



Tropical Cyclone Winds

100.0%

41,219 \$1.4 Billion **Critical Infrastructure Exposed:** 100.0%

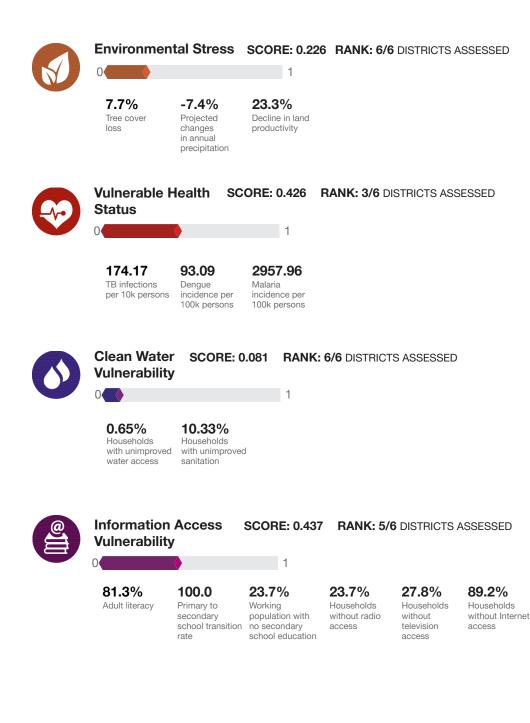
DISTRICT PROFILE

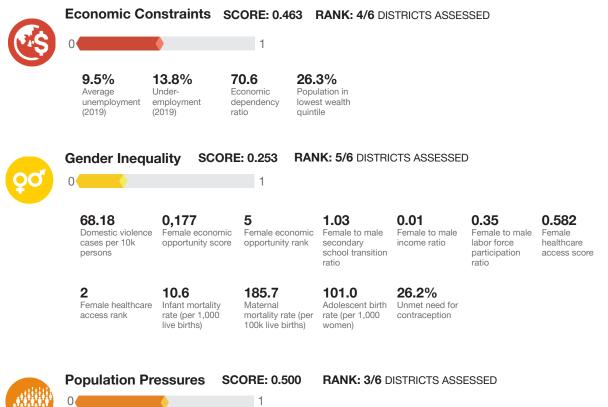


VULNERABILITY (V)

RANK: 6 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.341

Vulnerability in Stann Creek is primarily driven by Population Pressures and Economic Constraints. The bar charts indicate the socioeconomic themes contributing to the overall Vulnerability score.





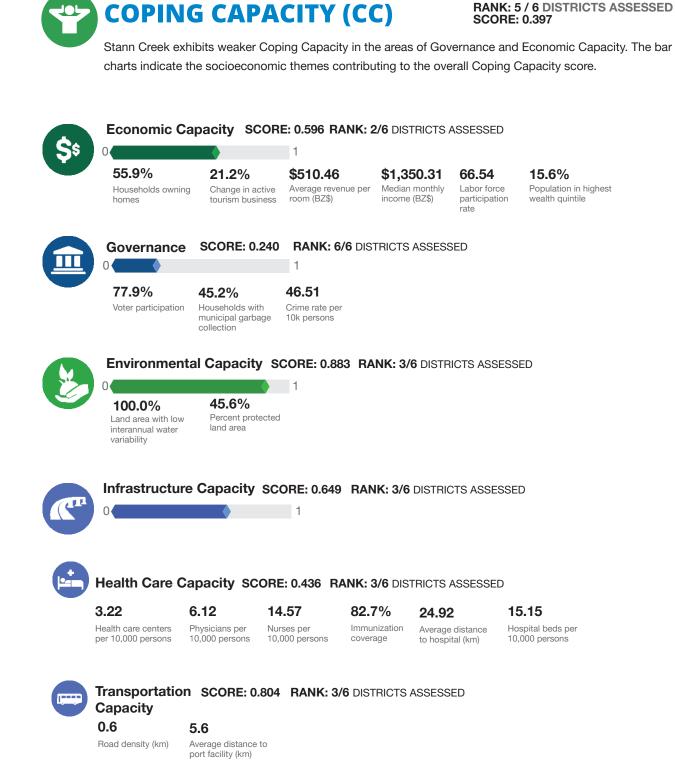


3.37% 1.09% Average annual population Average annual urban population change

change

14.60% Prevalence of stunting

National Disaster Preparedness Baseline Assessment: Belize





Communications SCORE: 0.645 RANK: 3/6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED Capacity

2.11 Average distance to cell tower (km)

21.1% Households with fixed phone

Households with mobile phone

75.0%



Energy Capacity SCORE: 0.762 90.5% 85.1%

Households with electricity

Households using gas for cooking

34.4



Emergency Services Capacity SCORE: 0.598

2.3

9.9

RANK: 4/6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

5.9

RANK: 3/6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED

Emergency shelter capacity per 10,000 persons

2,196

Average distance to warehouse (km)

Average distance to emergency shelter (km) Average distance to A fire station (km) p

Average distance to police station (km)

National Disaster Preparedness Baseline Assessment: Belize



RESILIENCE (R)

RANK: 2 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.528

Stann Creek's score and ranking are due to Very Low Vulnerability combined with Low Coping Capacity scores.

Below are the four thematic areas with the weakest relative scores:











Population Pressures

Economic Constraints

Governance





HAZARD-SPECIFIC RISK (HSR)

Earthquake	RANK: 2 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.309
Extreme Heat	RANK: 5 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.000
Flood	RANK: 4 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.221
Landslide	RANK: 2 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.309
Storm Surge	RANK: 2 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.293
Tropical Cyclone Winds	RANK: 6 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.265
Wildfire	RANK: 5 / 6 DISTRICTS ASSESSED SCORE: 0.184



MULTI-HAZARD RISK (MHR)

3/6 RANK WITHIN DISTRICTS SCORE: 0.459

Stann Creek's score and ranking are due to High Multi-hazard Exposure combined with Very Low Vulnerability and Low Coping Capacity scores.

Multi-hazard risk component scores compared to overall average country scores:

Multi-Hazard Exposure

0.276

0.371

Vulnerability

0.341

0.509

Coping Capacity

0.397

0.470



Population Pressures

Stann Creek ranks the 3rd of 6 in population pressures in Belize. Contributing to the high score is high amounts of annual population change in the district. Migration into or out of urban centers makes planning difficult for disasters, community policing, providing of healthcare, and can strain government services. Stann Creek also has the second highest unemployment rate.

Rapid changes in population size and distribution can alter population vulnerability characteristics presenting planning challenges and destabilizing social, economic, and environmental systems. Increased population pressures require disaster managers to realign needs, institutional structures, and available resources to support delivery of basic resources before, during, and after an event.



Economic Constraints

Stann Creek ranks 4th of 6 for economic constraints. This district has close to average unemployment in Belize, however it was a high 9.45%. Increasing funding for job training, trade skills, and continuing education can help the population gain new skills for the workforce. Additionally encouraging investment in sustainable agriculture, tourism and eco-tourism can build a long term, educated workforce.

Stann Creek also has a high economic dependency ratio (70.6). This can be seen as a measure of the financial pressure on the working population of a community. The higher the ratio, the more non-workers there are relative to the number of workers. With low levels of underemployment, this most likely points to a higher population of young or elderly within the care of the working population. Therefore, increasing support services for these particularly vulnerable populations will ease the burden on those who are working. This could include childcare subsidies, elderly daycares, and better access to healthcare services.

Additionally, catalyzing growth using the wealth of environmental assets that Stann Creek has to offer can help to increase economic capacity and protect the natural resources. Over 45% of the district is already in protection status. Creating economic opportunity through sustainable eco-tourism and cultural tourism, with input from the indigenous populations, can offer unique experiences for tourists, while bringing in economic stability and long term funding for continued conservation efforts

Governance

Stann Creek ranks the lowest in Governance of the 6 districts in Belize. Contributing to the low score is the second highest major crime rate per 10,000 persons. High crime rates break down neighborhoods, degrade social and community ties, and destabilize civil society. Stann Creek also ranks 5th of 6 for voter participation. Low voter participation can mean disillusionment, indifference with the government, or lack of faith in government functions. This can directly impact a person's choices to participate in criminal activities.

Lower crime rates by addressing the drivers of criminal activity in society. Stann Creek has the second highest unemployment rate in the country, although it has moderate scores in economic capacity. Diversifying the types of available employment options may help bridge the gap and creating social programs for indigenous populations and lower income populations that are specific to their needs can help to build trust and community. Work to build faith in the citizens through community outreach and education programs to increase civic participation.

Economic Capacity

Stann Creek has a moderate score in economic capacity. Lower economic capacity can exacerbate access to adequate health care, food stability, proper nutrition, and strain the environment and social services. Low amounts of home ownership are driving this score.

Evaluate disaster response and recovery plans to ensure the inclusion of economically vulnerable populations in long- and short-term recovery processes. Residents who rent properties are especially vulnerable in disasters due to lack of insurance or protection plans if their housing or jobs or destroyed. More renters can also mean changing or flexible populations who are not as invested in their community's success as a whole. Use opportunities in the growing tourism business sector (second highest growth in Belize from 2016-2019 and second highest revenue per room) to build community consensus on growth and sustainable development. This can mean creating industry and community partnerships that can be useful during disaster recovery. Create public policies guaranteeing equal opportunity and fair wages for all, even outside of tourism-based business.

Assess feasibility of government programs to assist in job creation and economic growth through education and short-term assistance designed to promote self-sustaining economic opportunities and decrease long-term reliance on government programs.



Better solutions. Fewer disasters.

Safer vorld.

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